FY 2021 UPDATE

HUMAN SERVICES TRANSPORTATION COORDINATION PLAN

The purpose of this plan is to identify the transportation needs of individuals with disabilities, older adults, and people with low incomes; provide strategies for meeting these needs; and prioritizing transportation services for funding and implementations.



www.cagaz.org

SunCerridor

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ntral Arizona Regional Transit

Central Arizona Governments

Planning Agency

Gila and Pinal County make up the 10,170 square mile Central Arizona Governments (CAG) Region. In addition to the two (2) County Governments, CAG serves the seventeen (17) Municipalities and four (4) Native American Communities that lie within its borders. Figures from the most recent 2014-2018 American Community Survey 5-year estimate notes the CAG Region's population at 473,121 people.

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Sun Corridor Metropolitan Planning Organization

Planning Agency

The Sun Corridor Metropolitan Planning Organization (SCMPO) serves a region of 1,155 square miles and provides transportation planning services to the communities of Casa Grande, Coolidge, Eloy and rural portions of Pinal County. The most recent 2014-2018 American Community Survey 5-year estimate notes the SCMPO Region's population at 120,726 people.

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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 PURPOSE OF THE PLAN

Federal Transit Law requires that projects selected for funding under the Elderly Individuals and Individuals with Disabilities (Section 5310) programs begin with a locally developed coordinated public transit human services transportation plan. The purpose of this type of plan is to identify the transportation needs of individuals with disabilities, older adults and people with low incomes, provide strategies from meeting these needs and prioritize transportation services for funding and implementation.

The Central Arizona Governments (CAG) and the Sun Corridor Metropolitan Planning Organization (SCMPO) recognize that the transit environment is dynamic and dependent on stakeholder involvement. As a result, CAG and the SCMPO reviews and updates their Human Services Transportation Coordination Plan (the "Plan") every year, in order to capture annual adjustments. This Plan is for Arizona State Fiscal Year 2021 and includes updated regional demographic information as well as the current status of new and existing transportation providers serving the transportation dependent and disadvantaged populations in the region.

CAG and the SCMPO utilize a process that includes representatives of public, private and nonprofit transportation and human service providers, elected officials and public participation to identify transit needs/service gaps and to establish priorities in order to make informative funding decisions for specialized transportation services.

1.2 REGION

The CAG and SCMPO Region includes two Counties, Gila and Pinal. However, Pinal County is split into three primary transportation planning authorities – Central Arizona Governments (CAG), Maricopa Association of Governments (MAG) and the Sun Corridor Municipal Planning Organization (SCMPO). *Refer to Figure 1: Planning Area Map.*

Incorporated in 1975, CAG is one of six regional planning districts, or Councils of Governments (COGs), established by Arizona Governor Jack Williams through Executive Order 70-2, in response to President Lyndon B Johnson's call for procedures that would encourage: "State and local planning agencies to work together in using common or consistent planning bases and in sharing planning facilities and resources, and utilization of common boundaries for planning and development districts or regions assisted by the Federal Government and consistency of such districts with established state planning and development districts and regions."

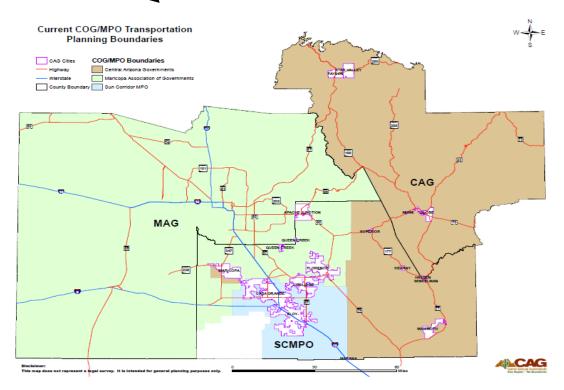
Executive Order 70-2 established and delineated a system of planning and development districts to provide: "...a consistent geographic base for the coordination of federal, state and local development programs" while complying with federal planning requirements and addressing the concerns of local government officials.

The CAG Region is comprised of Gila and Pinal Counties, and includes the seventeen (17) incorporated communities of Apache Junction, Casa Grande, Coolidge, Eloy, Florence, Globe, Hayden, Kearny, Mammoth, Marana, Maricopa, Miami, Payson, Queen Creek, Star Valley, Superior and Winkelman. The Ak-Chin Indian Community, Gila River Indian Community, San Carlos Apache Tribe and White Mountain Apache Tribe are also members of the Region. The 2010 Census determined that the City of Casa Grande, and its environs, had reached a population over 50,000. As a result, federal law required formation of a Metropolitan Planning Organization to provide transportation planning within designated boundaries. The Sun Corridor MPO now provides transportation planning services to the communities of Casa Grande, Coolidge, Eloy, and rural portions of Pinal County, covering 1,155 square miles, with a current estimated population of 120,726 people.



Nestled between two Transportation Management Areas; MAG and Pima Association of Governments (PAG), along with three Native American Tribes; the Sun Corridor MPO is in a unique position to develop relationships that will enhance the corridor's ability to provide goods, services, economic development strategies, improve local regionally significant roads, regional and local transit systems, work with the Region's railroads, and identify transportation needs and improvements along Interstate 8, Interstate 10, and the future Interstate 11.





1.3 LAWS & REGULATIONS GUIDING THE PLAN

Federal Initiatives and Legislation

2003 GAO Report

A June 2003 report from the Government Accountability Office (GAO), entitled "*Transportation Disadvantaged Populations: Some Coordination Efforts Among Programs Providing Transportation Services, but Obstacles Persist,*" identified 62 Federal programs that provide funding for transportation services for transportation-disadvantaged populations, and found significant variation in the extent to which the programs coordinated their efforts.

Coordinating Council on Access and Mobility

In response to the GAO Report, President Bush signed an Executive Order on February 24, 2004, "to enhance access to transportation to improve mobility, employment opportunities, and access to community services for persons who are transportation-disadvantaged." The Executive Order also established the Interagency Transportation Coordinating Council on Access and Mobility (CCAM) to:

- Promote interagency cooperation and the establishment of appropriate mechanisms to minimize duplication and overlap of Federal programs and services so that transportationdisadvantaged persons have access to more transportation services.
- Facilitate access to the most appropriate, cost-effective transportation services within existing resources.
- Encourage enhanced customer access to a variety of transportation and available resources.
- Formulate and implement administrative, policy and procedural mechanisms that enhance transportation services at all levels.
- Develop and implement a method for monitoring progress on achieving the goals of the Order.

United We Ride

The CCAM developed *United We Ride*, a Federal interagency initiative aimed at improving the availability, quality, and efficient delivery of transportation services for older adults, people with disabilities and individuals with lower incomes. Three overarching UWR goals focus on putting the customer first. They are:

- Provide more rides for the targeted population(s) for the same or fewer resources.
- Simplify customer access to transportation.
- Increase customer satisfaction.

For more information about UWR initiatives visit their Web site at <u>https://www.transit.dot.gov/ccam/about</u> or contact the National Center for Mobility Management at 1-866-846-6400.

The Gila-Pinal Rides Transportation Coordination Committee (Gila-Pinal Rides Committee) comes from the United We Ride and Arizona Rides program with the same focus of improving transportation options for the residents of the CAG and SCMPO Region.

Federal Funding Sources

Fixing America's Surface Transportation (FAST Act), signed into law in December 2015, is the current federal surface transportation legislation that supersedes the Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act (MAP-21). Sections 5316 (Job Access and Reverse Commute (JARC) Program), and 5317 (New Freedom Transit Program) were repealed under MAP-21. The new legislation strengthens the requirement for coordination, funding limits and asset management and continues to require that all funded projects are included in a coordinated human services transportation plan. See the existing two key Federal funding sources described below.

Enhanced Mobility for Seniors and Persons with Disabilities (FTA Section 5310)

The Federal Transit Administration (FTA) Section 5310 program enhances mobility for seniors and persons with disabilities by providing funds to programs that serve the unique needs of transitdependent populations. These services are in addition to those found under traditional public transportation services and the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) complementary para-transit services. The 5310 Program under the Safe, Accountable, Flexible, Efficient Transportation Equity Act: A Legacy for Users (SAFETEA-LU) was a *"capital only"* program with a funding rate of 80 percent Federal and 20 percent Local (80/20). However, under the FAST Act operational costs are now eligible for up to 45 percent of the allocated funds. Projects previously funded through Section 5317 may be a source for operating assistance under Section 5310.

In Arizona, the Section 5310 Program also receives an infusion of Surface Transportation Block Grant Program (STBGP) funds (\$1.5 million annually) cotton that can be used for capital projects in rural areas.

The Federal government allocates funds to each state and large urban areas based on the population of elderly and residents who are disabled. The Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) is responsible for distributing funds to the rural and small urban areas of the state. With the corresponding funding changes found under the FAST Act, Arizona is continuously evaluating how to distribute these funds to its rural regions.

Rural Areas (FTA Section 5311)

FTA Section 5311 is a formula grant program for transportation services throughout rural areas (population under 50,000). The 5311 Program provides a source of funding to assist in the design and implementation of support services intended to meet the needs of transit operators in non-urbanized areas. The FTA specifically cites the use of coordination in an effort to make the best use of Federal funds. The match continues to be set at 80/20 for capital projects and 50/50 for operating expenses. ADOT is the designated recipient for Program 5311 funds and distributes them with a sliding scale (see link <u>https://www.transit.dot.gov/regulations-and-guidance/fta-circulars/formula-grants-rural-areas-program-guidance-and-application</u>).

ADOT Coordinated Mobility Program

In rural portions of Arizona, ADOT manages the Section 5310 grant program. In response to the Federal United We Ride initiative and FAST Act requirements, ADOT began its coordinated mobility program to administer the grant programs and provide assistance and oversight for locally coordinated efforts.

Beginning in 2007, all Metropolitan Planning Organizations (MPOs) and Councils of Governments (COGs) in Arizona were required to adopt and annually update a coordination plan that inventories existing transportation services for elderly individuals, individuals with disabilities and low-income individuals; identifies unmet transportation needs and provides strategies for improving coordination to meet those needs. Each COG receives funding to carry out these responsibilities.

The coordination plan must be developed and approved through a process that includes seniors, people with disabilities and transportation providers, among others. The plan must also be coordinated, to the maximum extent possible, with the transportation programs of other Federal departments and agencies. All MPOs and COGs in Arizona must have a coordination plan in place in order for programs in their respective areas to be eligible for funding through the Section 5310 Program.

Eligible Recipients:

Formula funds from FTA are apportioned to ADOT, as the direct recipient, then awarded to:

- States for rural and small urban areas (small Urbanized Areas or UZAs) and designated recipients chosen by the Governor of the State for large urban areas (large Urbanized Areas or UZAs).
- State or local governmental entities that operate a public transportation service.

Direct recipients have flexibility in how they select sub-recipient projects for funding, but their decision process must be clearly noted in a state/program management plan.

The selection process may be Formula-based, Competitive or Discretionary and sub-recipients include States or local governmental authorities, private non-profit organizations, or operators of public transportation. *For more information, refer to Chapter 8 Priorities: Project Evaluation and Selection.*

Eligible Activities:

At least 55 percent of program funds must be used for capital or "traditional" 5310 projects. Examples include:

- Buses and vans; wheelchair lifts, ramps, and securement devices; transit-related information technology systems including scheduling/routing/one-call systems, and mobility management programs.
- Acquisition of transportation services under a contract, lease, or other arrangement. Both capital and operating costs associated with contracted service are eligible capital expenses. User subsidies are considered one form of eligible arrangement. Funds may be requested for contracted services covering a period of more than one year. The capital eligibility of acquisition of services as authorized in 49 U.S.C. 5310(b)(4) is limited to the Section 5310 program.

The remaining 45 percent is for other "nontraditional" projects. Under MAP-21, the program was modified to include projects eligible under the former 5317 New Freedom Transit Program, described as "*Capital and operating expenses for new public transportation services and alternatives beyond those required by the ADA, designed to assist individuals with disabilities and seniors.*"

Examples include: Travel training; volunteer driver programs; building an accessible path to a bus stop including curb-cuts, sidewalks, accessible pedestrian signals, or other accessible features; improving signage, or way-finding technology; incremental cost of providing same day service or door-to-door service; purchasing vehicles to support new accessible taxi, rides sharing and/or vanpooling programs, and mobility management.

1.4 PLANNING PERIOD

Updates to the Plan take place annually. This Plan for the CAG and Sun Corridor MPO is for Fiscal Year 2021. Given the number of jurisdictions that are affected by the development of transit within the region, multiple committees have been established to allow a complete and thorough review process. The activities in this Plan's development took place as follows:

Gila-Pinal Rides Committee Draft Review	09/16/20
SCMPO TAC - 30-day Notice Approval	10/29/20
SCMPO Executive Board - 30-Day Notice Approval	11/10/20
Start of 30-Day Public Notice	11/17/20
End of 30-Day Public Notice	12/18/20
CAG TTAC Approval	01/14/21
Gila-Pinal Rides Committee Approval	01/20/21
SCMPO TAC Approval	02/25/21
SCMPO Executive Board Approval	03/09/21
CAG Management Approval	03/11/21
CAG Regional Council Approval	03/25/21
Submit Final Document to ADOT.	03/31/21

1.5 DEVELOPMENT PROCESS

This Plan is developed in coordination with CAG, SCMPO, the Gila-Pinal Rides Committee, area transit providers, human services agencies, area transportation committees, system users and other interested stakeholders. Surveys were conducted by using email lists and directly calling interested stakeholders. *A copy of the survey questionnaire can be found in Appendix 2 of this document.*

The Plan review process included input and comments from the Gila-Pinal Rides Committee, the CAG Transportation Technical Advisory Committee (TTAC), Management Committee and Regional Council, the SCMPO Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) and Executive Board, as well as regional human service agencies whose clients reside and travel in, to and through Gila and/or Pinal Counties.

1.6 ELEMENTS OF THE PLAN

ADOT requires that each coordination plan, at a minimum, consist of:

- An assessment of available services that identify current transportation providers (public, private and nonprofit)
- An assessment of transportation needs for individuals with disabilities and older adults
- Strategies, activities and/or projects to address the identified gaps between current service and needs as well as opportunities to achieve efficiencies in service delivery
- Priorities for implementation are based on resources, time, and feasibility.

FTA requires that projects applying for 5310 program funds must be identified in a coordination plan. As such, the following chapters of the Plan are organized to present these required elements and other information that supports the overall planning process.

- **Chapter 1:** Introduces the Section 5310 program and purpose, the region, law and regulations guiding the Plan, the planning period, the process and the elements of the Plan.
- **Chapter 2:** Discusses current conditions in the region including organizational infrastructure, demographics, geographical information and the backgrounds for the Central Arizona Governments, Sun Corridor MPO and regional transit providers.
- **Chapter 3:** Provides vehicle inventories and identifies unmet transit needs of the Region.
- **Chapter 4:** Incudes conditions assessment, provider feedback, performance data, gaps in service and service redundancies, organizational capacities, partnerships, coordination activities and infrastructure.
- **Chapter 5:** Identifies trip generators for regional transit.
- **Chapter 6:** Identifies barriers, opportunities and strategies in community transportation.
- **Chapter 7:** Identifies performance priorities.
- **Chapter 8:** Project evaluation and selection for federal funding
- **Chapter 9:** Outlines the public input process for the Plan.

2. CURRENT CONDITIONS

2.1 ORGANIZATIONAL INFRASTRUCTURE

Central Arizona Governments

CAG is a quasi-governmental entity serving as a forum for public officials, citizens and other interest groups within Gila and Pinal Counties to adopt policies and plans that address various transportation issues. The role of CAG is to coordinate the activities of Federal, State, and Local agencies, provide assistance and encourage public participation in the long-term development of the area.

Although CAG serves Gila and Pinal Counties, the transportation coordination planning processes for rural and urbanized areas are shared by three different agencies. Table 1: Population by Transportation Boundary within Gila & Pinal Counties breaks down the estimated populations by the transportation boundaries each agency serves. These estimates originate from the American Community Survey 5-year estimates from 2014-2018.

CAG					
Community	Population				
Ak-Chin Indian Community	1,348				
Gila County – (Remainder of unincorporated County)	17,895				
City of Globe	7,346				
Town of Hayden	503				
Town of Kearny	2,263				
Town of Mammoth	1,856				
Town of Marana (Pinal County Portion)	0				
Town of Miami	2,084				
Town of Payson	15,439				
Pinal County – (Remainder of unincorporated County within CAG Transportation Boundary)	24,577				
San Carlos Apache Tribe – (Gila County portion)	5,729				
Town of Star Valley	1,907				
Town of Superior	3,018				
White Mountain Apache Tribe – (Gila County portion)	2,279				
Town of Winkelman	218				
CAG Population Total:	86,462				

Table 1: Population by Transportation Boundary within Gila & Pinal Counties

SUN CORRIDOR MPO					
Community	Population				
City of Eloy	18,083				
City of Coolidge	12,503				
City of Casa Grande	54,316				
Pinal County – (Remainder of unincorporated County within Sun Corridor MPO)	35,824				
Sun Corridor MPO Population Total:	120,726				

MAG	
Community	Population
City of Apache Junction – (Pinal County portion)	39,387
Gila River Indian Community – (Pinal County portion)	7,551
Town of Florence	26,350
City of Maricopa	47,314
Town of Queen Creek – (Pinal County portion)	355
Pinal County – (Remainder of unincorporated County within MAG Transportation Boundary)	144,976
MAG Population Total:	265,933
Total CAG, Sun Corridor MPO, and MAG Population:	473,121
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2014-2018 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates; Table B01003: T	otal Population

CAG Transportation Technical Advisory Committee (TTAC)

The CAG Transportation Technical Advisory Committee (TTAC) is the advisory committee on all transportation issues within the CAG transportation boundary. All major transit issues from the Gila-Pinal Rides Committee are presented to the TTAC for information purposes. The TTAC does not make decisions on transit-coordinated issues; however, the TTAC ultimately does make recommendations to the CAG Regional Council.

Sun Corridor Metropolitan Planning Organization

The Sun Corridor MPO is responsible for Transportation Planning within its boundaries, including coordination planning. The SCMPO was formed in 2013 in Pinal County. The CAG transportation boundary primarily borders SCMPO on the east side. SCMPO is also bordered to the south by the Pinal Association of Governments (PAG) Region while the Maricopa Association of Governments (MAG) primarily borders the north and west sides. MAG's transportation planning boundary encompasses some cities and unincorporated areas within Pinal County. Facilitating trips across COG and MPO boundaries will be an important focus of coordination efforts. *Refer to Figure 2 for boundaries of Arizona COGs and MPOs and Figure 3 for the transportation planning boundaries for Gila and Pinal Counties.*

SCMPO Technical Advisory Committee

The SCMPO Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) is the advisory committee on all planning and transportation issues within the SCMPO transportation boundary. The TAC provides insight into the planning needs of the region and provides recommentation to the Executive Board.

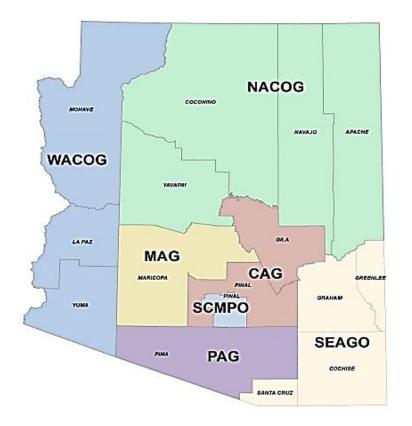
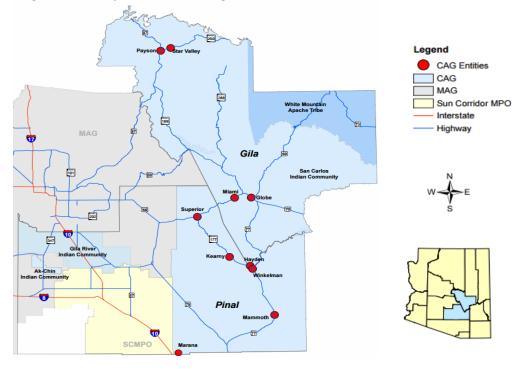


Figure 2: Planning Organizations and Councils of Government

Figure 3: Transportation Planning Boundaries for Gila & Pinal



Gila-Pinal Rides Committee

The Gila-Pinal Rides Committee is the steering committee for transit coordination issues within the CAG and the SCMPO Region. The committee is comprised of transit providers and stakeholders from both Gila and Pinal Counties, and rotates meeting time and locations. Presently, the Regional Mobility Manager brings together all of the 5310 and 5311 providers, as well as interested stakeholders, to help coordinate transit, and to forward innovative ideas for the CAG and SCMPO Region as a whole. The Gila-Pinal Rides Committee holds bi-monthly meetings with attendees from various agencies interested in public transportation. These attendees are identified in the CAG and SCMPO Regional Transit Providers table shown on page 28. The meetings act as a forum to determine where the greatest needs are, to identify gaps in service, look for opportunities to coordinate services, provide collaboration among providers and help overcome the challenges faced throughout the Region.

Regional Context

The CAG and SCMPO Region

The CAG and SCMPO Region covers 10,170 square miles of central Arizona and is comprised of two (2) counties, seventeen (17) incorporated municipalities, and four (4) Native American Communities.

The CAG and SCMPO Region is served by several major surface transportation corridors. Interstate 8 traverses the region from west to east and Interstate 10 traverses from north to south. U.S. Highway 60 extends east through the State of New Mexico. U.S Highway 60 connects with State Route 188 just west of Globe and continues past Roosevelt Lake to State Route 87. State Route 87 provides travel between Payson and Metropolitan Phoenix.

Gila and Pinal Counties reflect very different transportation challenges. Gila is primarily rural in nature, while Pinal includes more urbanized areas. This rural-urban split has resulted in difficult funding decisions. Funding awarded to rural providers cannot be spent in urban areas. Conversely, funding awarded to urban providers cannot be spent in rural areas. The biggest challenge is identifying potential opportunities to coordinate services and resources to meet the needs of our varied client populations, while not violating these over-arching programmatic rules. Medical needs can also prohibit the mixing of clients on an otherwise mutually convenient trip. Using regular coordination meetings, participating providers identified funding, training, reporting and asset management as major challenges for services in both rural and urban areas.

Greyhound, in partnership with ADOT and Arizona's rural communities, launched an "Intercity Connector" service between El Paso, Texas and Phoenix, at the end of calendar year 2015. This connector brings service to Duncan, Safford, Thatcher, Bylas, Peridot, Globe-Miami, Superior, and Apache Junction and ties these smaller communities in with the national intercity bus network.

Amtrak also serves the region with a train station in the City of Maricopa.

Figure 4 depicts the boundaries of the CAG and SCMPO Region in relation to one another and its members.

Gila County includes the incorporated communities of Globe, Miami, Payson, Star Valley, Hayden and Winkelman. The unincorporated communities of Pine, Roosevelt, Strawberry, Tonto Basin and Young are also within the limits of the County boundary. Gila County covers land area of 4,796 square miles and serves a population of 53,400 according to 2014-2018 the American Community Survey 5-year estimate.

Pinal County includes the incorporated communities of Apache Junction, Casa Grande, Coolidge, Eloy, Florence, Kearny, Mammoth, Maricopa, Superior and portions of Queen Creek and Marana. The unincorporated communities of Arizona City, Gold Canyon, Oracle, Saddlebrooke, San Tan Valley and Queen Valley are

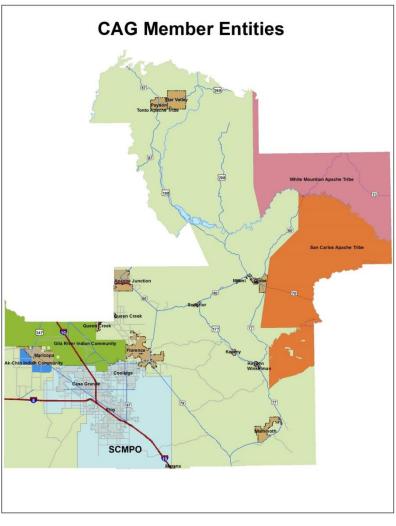


Figure 4: CAG Member Entities

also within the limits of the County boundary. Several communities, such as Casa Grande, Coolidge and Eloy have dual membership with CAG and SCMPO. Apache Junction, Florence, Maricopa and Queen Creek also have dual membership with CAG and MAG. Pinal County covers a land area of 5,374 square miles and serves a population of approximately 419,721 according to the 2014-2018 American Community Survey 5-year estimate.

2.2 DEMOGRAPHICS

Demographic information is presented in this Plan to help provide a better understanding and more complete picture of the population in the CAG and SCMPO Region, and in particular persons with disabilities, older adults and low-income individuals and households.

Census Geography

The Census information provided is available through the 2014-2018 American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year estimates. For comparative purposes, demographic information for Arizona and the United States are also included where stated.

Population

The total populations for Gila and Pinal Counties are listed in Table 2: Gila & Pinal County Populations by Place. Table 3: Population, Land Area, & Density, illustrates the population growth by density by year. As the American Community Survey 1-year estimates are not provided for small communities, the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunities population estimates were used for single year estimates in Table 3 instead. All other estimates are based on the latest 5-year ACS data. While the population growth in Gila County has been minimal, approximately 4% since 2000, Pinal County's population growth has been significant, increasing nearly 234% over the same time period.

Gila County Communities	Population
City of Globe	7,346
Town of Hayden	503
Town of Miami	2,084
Town of Payson	15,439
San Carlos Apache Tribe – (Gila County portion)	5,729
Town of Star Valley	1,907
White Mountain Apache Tribe – (Gila County portion)	2,279
Town of Winkelman	218
Gila County – (Remainder of unincorporated County)	17,895
<u>Gila County Total Population</u>	<u>53,400</u>
Pinal County Communities	Population
Ak-Chin Indian Community	1,348
City of Apache Junction – (Pinal County Portion)	39,387
City of Casa Grande	54,316
City of Coolidge	12,503
City of Eloy	18,083
Town of Florence	26,350
Gila River Indian Community – (Pinal County portion)	7,551
Town of Kearny	2,263
Town of Mammoth	1,856
Town of Marana – (Pinal County portion)	0
City of Maricopa	47,314
Town of Queen Creek – (Pinal County portion)	355
Town of Superior	3,018
Pinal County – (Remainder of unincorporated County)	205,377
<u>Pinal County Total Population</u>	<u>419,721</u>
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2014-2018 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates;	Table B01003: Total Population

Table 2: Gila & Pinal County Populations by Place

Table 3: Population, Land Area & Density

	Pinal County – (5,374 Square Miles)	Gila County – (4,	796 Square Miles)
	Population	Persons/Square Mile	Population	Persons/Square Mile
AZ State 2019 (Estimates)	455,210	84.7	55,159	11.5
AZ State 2018 (Estimates)	440,591	82.0	54,946	11.5
AZ State 2017 (Estimates)	427,603	79.6	54,947	11.5
AZ State 2016 (Estimates)	413,312	76.9	54,333	11.3
AZ State 2015 (Estimates)	406,468	75.6	54,406	11.3
AZ State 2014 (Estimates)	396,237	73.7	54,219	11.3
AZ State 2013 (Estimates)	393,813	72.4	53,670	11.2
AZ State 2012 (Estimates)	389,192	72.4	53,526	11.2
AZ State 2011 (Estimates)	384,231	71.5	53,577	11.2
Census 2010	375,770	69.9	53,597	11.2
Census 2000	179,727	33.4	51,335	10.7
Census 1990	116,379	21.7	40,216	8.4

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Arizona Department of Administration – Office of Employment & Population Statistics (now Office of Economic Opportunity)

Vehicle Availability and Travel Time

In Pinal County, 4.4 percent of housing units that have no vehicles available, whereas Gila County has 5.9 percent of occupied housing units with no vehicles available. The percentage of occupied housing units with no vehicles available is lower in the Region than in the entire country. However, when compared to the State of Arizona, Pinal County's average is lower, while Gila County is close to the same. *Refer to Table 4: Occupied Housing Units with No Vehicles Available, Travel Time to Work.*

Table 4: Occupied Housing Units with No Vehicles Available, Travel Time to Work							
Pinal County Gila County Arizona United States							
Occupied housing units	137,286	21,708	2,524,300	119,730,128			
No vehicles available	5,973	1,277	160,011	10,424,934			
Percent	4.4%	5.9%	6.3%	8.7%			
Median travel time to work (minutes)	31.1	19.3	25.3	26.6			

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2014-2018 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates; Table DP04: Selected Housing Characteristics; Table DP03: Selected Economic Characteristics

Although most clients/residents using services provided by 5310 funded providers are not typically members of the commuting public, travel to and from work affects travel conditions for all residents. Median travel time to work in Pinal County is higher than the average for Arizona and the United States, while travel time in Gila County is below. Table 5: Comparisons of Time Leaving Work indicates timeframes when commuters are leaving for work, throughout the day.

Table 5: Comparisons of Time Leaving for Work						
			Pinal County	% of Commuters	Gila County	% of Commuters
Total Commuters			138,634	-	16,761	-
12:00AM -	•	5:59AM	36,904	26.6%	3,774	22.5%
6:00AM -	•	8:59AM	67,760	48.9%	9,247	55.2%
9:00AM -	•	11:59AM	9,615	6.9%	1,628	9.7%
12:00PM -	•	3:59PM	11,365	8.2%	1,229	7.3%
4:00PM -		11:59PM	12,990	9.4%	883	5.3%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2014-2018 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates; Table B08302: Time Leaving Home to Go to Work

Poverty Status

Gila County's poverty rate is 22.5 percent, which is significantly higher than both the Arizona and National rates. Pinal County's poverty rate, at 14.2 percent, is slightly lower than the Arizona rate and virtually the same as the national rate. *Refer to Table 6: Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months.*

Table 6: Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months						
	Pinal County	Gila County	Arizona	United States		
Population base*	392,300	52,501	6,788,985	314,943,184		
Population below poverty level	55,859	11,807	1,092,192	44,257,979		
Percent	14.2%	22.5%	16.1%	14.1%		
Population age 65+	80,124	14,535	1,146,668	47,940,937		
Population below poverty level age 65+	6,691	1,323	103,027	4,448,892		
Percent of people age 65+ 8.4% 9.1% 9.0% 9.3%						
*The population base for which poverty status is determined does not include unrelated individuals under 15 years of age, people living in						

*The population base for which poverty status is determined does not include unrelated individuals under 15 years of age, people living in college dormitories, or individuals living in institutional group quarters.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2014-2018 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates; Table S1701: Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months; Table B17001: Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months by Sex and Age.

Income and Unemployment

Household income for Gila County is significantly less than the Arizona, national and Pinal County averages. Pinal County has a median household income that is only slightly lower than the Arizona average, but over 8.5% lower than the national average.

Average unemployment rates for both Gila and Pinal Counties are higher than those of Arizona and the United States. *Refer to Table 7: Income & Unemployment.*

Table 7: Income & Unemployment						
	Pinal County	Gila County	Arizona	United States		
Median household income	\$55,550	\$42,092	\$56,213	\$60,293		
Percent of civilian labor force unemployed	7.8%	10.2%	6.5%	5.9%		

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2014-2018 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates; Table S1903: Median Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2017 Inflation-adjusted Dollars); Table S2301: Employment Status

Age

The Region is composed of a largely diverse age population. In Pinal County, the largest populations are in the 25 to 44 and under 18 years-of-age ranges. For Gila County, the largest populations are in the 45 to 64 years of age and 65 years and older. These differences in ages of the populations are one indication of the transportation needs for each County. Refer to Table 8: Populations by Age Group.

Pinal County	Gila County	
98,104	10,849	
33,367	3,596	
110,745	9,700	
96,598	14,472	
80,907	14,783	
419,721	53,400	
	98,104 33,367 110,745 96,598 80,907	98,104 10,849 33,367 3,596 110,745 9,700 96,598 14,472 80,907 14,783

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2014-2018 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates; Table B01001: Sex by Age

Disability Status

Approximately 15.2 percent of the civilian, non-institutionalized population in Pinal County has a disability. This is higher than the percentage for Arizona and that of the United States. For Gila County, the percentage of the population with a disability rises to 22.2 percent and is significantly higher than that of Arizona and the National rates. *Tables 9 thru 11 break down the populations by disability status, type and age group respectively.*

Table 9: Disability Status				
	Pinal County	Gila County	Arizona	United States
Population with a disability*	59,854	11,687	885,094	40,071,666
Percent	15.2%	22.2%	12.9%	12.6%

*Population is based off of civilian non-institutionalized population.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2014-2018 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates; Table S1810: Disability Characteristics

Table 10: Disability Status by Type				
	Pinal County		Gila County	
	Population	Percent (%)	Population	Percent (%)
Civilian non-institutional population	393,843	-	52,693	-
With a disability	59,854	15.2%	11,687	22.2%
With a hearing difficulty	19,533	5.0%	4,484	8.5%
With a vision difficulty	10,956	2.8%	2,497	4.7%
With a cognitive difficulty	21,048	5.7%	4,206	8.5%
With an ambulatory difficulty	30,410	8.2%	6,721	13.5%
With a self-care difficulty	10,622	2.9%	1,966	4.0%
With independent living difficulty	20,047	6.8%	4,158	9.9%

NOTE: Percentages (%) are calculated from total civilian non-institutional population. Any given person may have more than one disability and therefore the "disability difficulties" shall not be summarized for final total calculation purposes.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2014-2018 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates; Table S1810: Disability Characteristics

ge Group			
Pinal County		Gila County	
Population	Percent (%)	Population	Percent (%)
48	0.2%	54	1.8%
4,616	6.3%	631	8.1%
28,665	13.3%	4,765	17.4%
26,535	31.1%	6,237	42.9%
	Pinal County Population 48 4,616 28,665	Pinal County Population Percent (%) 48 0.2% 4,616 6.3% 28,665 13.3%	Pinal County Gila County Population Percent (%) Population 48 0.2% 54 4,616 6.3% 631 28,665 13.3% 4,765

NOTE: Percentages (%) calculated from total civilian non-institutional population of the particular age group.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2014-2018 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates; Table S1810: Disability Characteristics

Origins and Destinations

This section documents significant travel origins and destinations in the CAG and Sun Corridor MPO Region for special needs transportation services.

Origins

Travel often originates in residential areas, including low-income rental housing, assisted living facilities or nursing homes, low-income apartments and those classified by the U.S. Census as Group Quarters. CAG collects this data annually from the communities in the region and reports it to the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunities. There are approximately 109 Group Quarter facilities identified within the Region. *See Figure 5: Group Quarter Facilities for general locations of identified Group Quarters. However, for confidentiality and safety reasons, Domestic Violence shelters are not shown.*

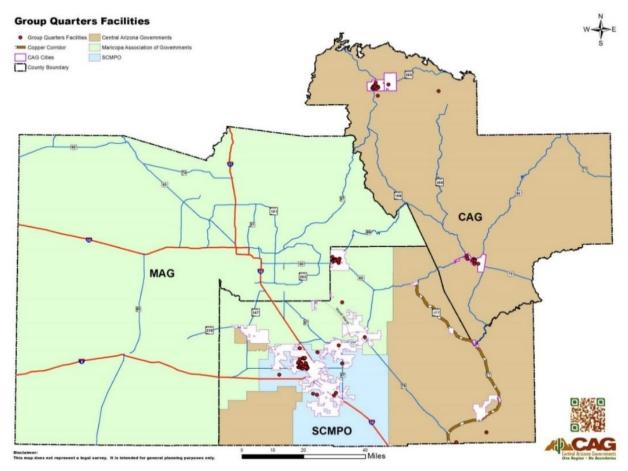


Figure 5: Group Quarter Facilities Current COG/MPO Transportation Planning Boundaries

Travel Destinations

Travel destinations for special needs populations include large employers, commercial areas, medical facilities, clinics, and human service agencies. Pinal County has a high employment sector within the State Prisons due to the location of fourteen adult prisons and two juvenile detention centers within the County boundary. *Destinations of significance are listed by category in Figure 6: Regional Transit Service Map.*

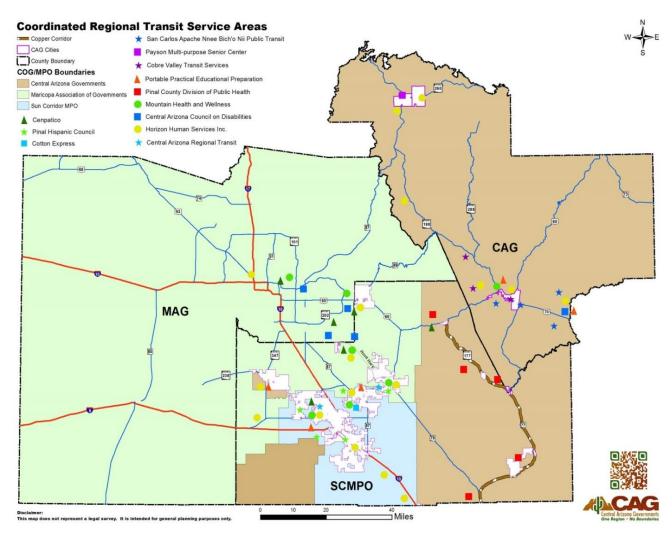


Figure 6: Regional Transit Service Map

Colleges

Colleges that serve the Region include Central Arizona College, Gila Community College, Rio Salado College, and Mesa Community College.

Medical Facilities

There are many major medical facilities important to residents of Gila and Pinal Counties. Many residents also travel to the adjoining Maricopa County area for medical services. *Refer to Table 12: Major Medical Facilities Serving the CAG & SCMPO Region.*

Table 12: Major Medical Facilities Serving the CAG & SCMPO Region		
Facility	Location	
Apache Junction Dialysis Center	Apache Junction – Pinal County	
Banner Baywood Medical Center	Mesa – Maricopa County	
Banner Casa Grande Medical Center	Casa Grande – Pinal County	
Banner Gateway Medical Center	Gilbert – Maricopa County	
Banner Goldfield Medical Center	Apache Junction – Pinal County	
Banner Heart Hospital	Mesa – Maricopa County	
Banner Ironwood Medical Center	San Tan Valley – Pinal County	
Banner Payson Medical Center	Payson – Gila County	
Casa Grande Dialysis	Casa Grande – Pinal County	
Cobre Valley Regional Medical Center	Globe – Gila County	
Florence Hospital at Anthem	Florence – Pinal County	
Fresenius Kidney Care & Globe Dialysis	Globe – Gila County	
Fresenius Kidney Care & Mammoth Dialysis	Mammoth – Pinal County	
Fresenius Kidney Care & San Carlos Dialysis	San Carlos – Gila County	
Fresenius Kidney Care & San Tan Dialysis	San Tan Valley – Pinal County	
Gila River Dialysis	Sacaton – Pinal County	
Gila River Health Care	Sacaton – Pinal County	
Mayo Clinic	Scottsdale – Maricopa County	
San Carlos Apache Health Care	Peridot – Graham County	
Veteran's Medical Center	Phoenix – Maricopa County	
Western Skies Dialysis	Casa Grande – Pinal County	

Employers

Major employers in the Pinal portion of the CAG and SCMPO Region are in the public administration and retail trade industry. In Gila County, copper mining is the top industry, but the largest employment sector is public administration. *Refer to Table 13: Top Ten Employers, for the ten (10) largest job producers within Gila and Pinal Counties.*

Jobs	Top Gila County Employers	Jobs
2,140	ASARCO	1,370
2,060	Gila County	740
1,970	BHP Copper	650
1,750	Banner Health	590
800	Walmart	570
770	Apache Gold Casino Resort	450
680	Globe Unified School District	410
630	Payson Unified School District	370
470	San Carlos Unified School District	300
460	Matazal Hotel and Casino	290
	2,140 2,060 1,970 1,750 800 770 680 630 470	2,140ASARCO2,060Gila County1,970BHP Copper1,750Banner Health800Walmart770Apache Gold Casino Resort680Globe Unified School District630Payson Unified School District470San Carlos Unified School District

Source: 2018/2019 Arizona COG/MPO Employer Database, Employers with 5 or more employees.

Target Populations

Certain segments of the population tend to use transit services more often than the "choice rider" or a rider who is not dependent on public transportation to get from place to place. Riders who do not own their own vehicle or are "transit dependent" are more likely to use public transportation systems than those who own or have convenient access to a personal vehicle. By coordinating services and developing this Plan, regional transportation providers hope to improve transportation services for all residents, but specifically for segments of the population that most-frequently become transit dependent, such as persons with a disability, low income individuals and those 65 and older. During the development of this Plan, demographic and travel information were collected to help determine where the focus of transit services should be. Each segment of the population was compared to the total population to determine the percentage of population type represented, with the understanding that many individuals fall into more than one category or a combination of all considered categories.

In addition to demographic and travel information, geographic and boundary issues that affect coordination activities were also taken into account.

Persons with Disabilities

For the general population, the ability to drive helps define personal mobility. For people with disabilities, the concept of personal mobility is much more complex. The disabled population is one of the least likely groups to own a car or have the ability to drive. As such, they must rely on family, friends, public transportation systems or private transportation providers.

According to the FTA, a disability is defined as/by:

- A physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities of such individual
- A record of such impairment
- Being regarded as having such impairment

However, the U.S. Census defines disability as a long lasting physical, mental, or emotional condition that is self-reported. Therefore, some discrepancies exist between the two measurements. According to the latest U.S. Census figures, 15.2 percent or 59,854 people in Pinal County have a disability and 22.2 percent or 11,687 people in Gila County have a disability. *Refer to Table 9: Disability Status*

In addition to transportation (mobility), employment can be a significant contributor to the social well-being within the disabled population. As a large percentage of the disabled population also represent zero vehicle households, transit dependency can have a compounding effect on employment making public transportation and other modes of transit very important for these individuals.

Low Income

Limited or no public transportation service to employment centers pose a significant barrier to overcoming poverty, as many individuals & families with low incomes have limited or no convenient access to a personal vehicle.

The FTA defines low income or limited income individuals as individuals whose income falls below 150 percent of the federal poverty level. According to the latest U.S. Census figures, 14.2 percent or 55,859 people in Pinal County, and 22.5 percent or 11,807 people in Gila County, live below the poverty level. In Pinal County, 6,691 (8.4% of the total County population) of those living below the poverty level are over age 65 years of age. In Gila County, 1,323 (9.1% of the total County population) of those living below the poverty level are over 65 years of age. *Refer to Table 6: Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months, for more information.*

Job Location

The Pinal County Transit Feasibility Study, completed in 2011, demonstrated that long distances between developed areas created long & costly job commutes. Individuals and families with lower incomes are particularly sensitive to these commuting costs and represent a strong potential transit market. To be most effective, a public transportation system must connect workers with principal employers.

Governmental Land Use Laws have always, and will continue to, influence the location and development of commercial and residential uses. The consolidation of similar business types, such as industrial and heavy industrial, and their placement along interstate, rail corridors and the fringes of communities are the result of government efforts to make communities more attractive to industrial businesses and improve the "city-scape" for residents.

The majority of industrial sector growth in Pinal County is occurring along the interstate and rail corridors. Conversely, residential areas are continuously expanding in San Tan Valley, the City of Maricopa and the northern fringes of the City of Casa Grande. As a result, longer commute distances between residential areas and employment centers are creating larger transportation coverage areas. Without integrated transportation planning, this continued residential-employment center disconnect will make the growth and development of an effective and efficient public transit system more and more difficult going forward.

Location of Support Services

While it is beneficial to provide public transportation access to residential areas and employment centers, providing connections to support services is a vital component of an effective public transportation system, especially for the target population identified herein. In many rural areas, it is difficult for the transit dependent community to travel between these support & social services and their residential areas. Rural transit helps bridge the spatial divide between people and these services. In many instances, human service agencies serve as the provider of public transportation to clients and their families. The role of these entities varies, with some agencies purchasing vehicles and enlisting drivers, while others contract with existing transit/transportation providers.

2.3 ENVIRONMENT

The physical landscape of the CAG and SCMPO Region is distinctively unique, ranging from the low-lying desert terrain of southern Pinal County to the rugged hills and mountains characteristic of Northern Gila County. The State of Arizona geologic encompasses three physiographic provinces: The Colorado Plateau to the North; the Basin and Range Province to the South; and the intervening Central Heights (Transition Zone) which runs through the central interior region of the state. Refer to Figure 7: Arizona Geologic Provinces



Figure 7: Arizona Geologic Provinces

Pinal County

The topography of Pinal County, located in the southern part of the Region, ranges from level and gently sloping foothills located on the valley slopes and floodplains, to more distinctively sloped hills and mountains, which are located throughout the county. Elevations in Pinal County range from approximately 1,000 feet above mean sea level in the lower lying desert areas, to a high point of approximately 6,158 feet in the mountains located in the far eastern portion of the county, which are adjacent to Graham County. Figure 7: Arizona Geologic Province reflects the physiographic features and characteristics, which are indicative of the particular zone.

The Basin and Range Province is characterized by extremely dry desert lowlands with annual precipitation ranging from 4 to 12 inches. The Basin and Range Province is comprised of a series of north to northwest trending, fault-block mountain ranges flanked by broad gravel fans, which slope from the foot of the mountains down into the basins. These regional mountain ranges incorporate a diversity of Proterozoic to Cenozoic rock formations, which display very complex structural and metamorphic histories.

Gila County

The topography of Gila County located in the northern part of the CAG Region ranges from moderately to intensely steep hills and mountains, interspersed with gently to strong sloping valley plains and stream floodplains. Elevations in Gila County range from approximately 1,950 feet above mean sea level near the lower lying desert terrain regions located along the Gila River in the southern area of the County, to a height of 7,915 feet of Promontory Butte, located in the extremely mountainous, northern area of the County along the Mogollon Rim. In direct correlation with topographical elevation, Gila County contains heavily forested areas and numerous grassland meadows in the northern highlands, and mountainous desert regions in the southern part of the County that are covered with various desert cacti, flora and fauna.

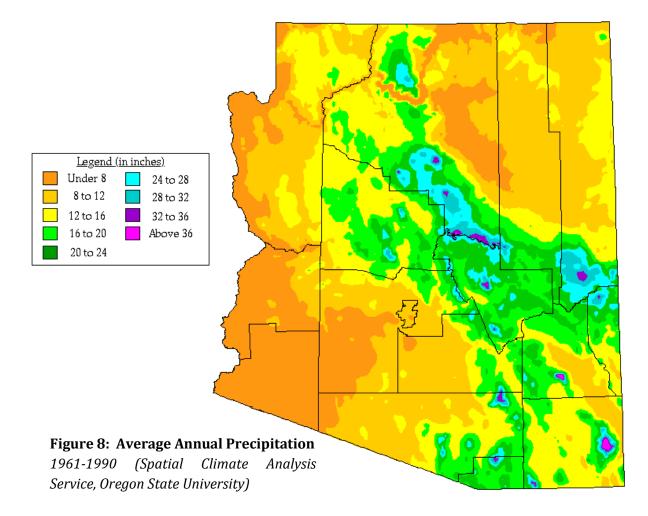
The southern part of Gila County contains desert terrain and is located within the Basin and Range Province. However, the majority of Gila County is located within the Central Highlands zone, geographically situated in between the Colorado Plateau to the north, and the Basin and range Province to the south.

The Central Highlands zone is characterized as being a topographically diverse region, featuring deep canyons, high peaks and contains a number of interspersed mesas, valleys and small mountains. Because this transition zone contains physiographic aspects, which are relevant to both the Colorado Plateau and the Basin and Range Province, it conveys little resemblance to either geologic zone. The geological structure of this zone is extremely diverse, and the numerous types of rock formations have exerted a strong influence upon both the landforms located throughout Gila County and the development of various soil types. The Central Highlands Province also stimulates precipitation by forcing prevailing northerly flows of warm, moist air to the higher and much cooler elevations of the Region.

Climate & Precipitation

The climate of the CAG and Sun Corridor MPO Region is extremely diverse, and contains various climatic zones ranging from the high altitude, coniferous forests of northern Gila County, to the warm and dry Sonoran Desert located in the southern part of Pinal County. The average annual precipitation ranges from approximately 2 to 9.5 inches in the lower desert regions, to a range of approximately 14 to 25 inches in the mountains and areas of higher elevation. The variability in climate results from vast differences in elevation, regional distribution of topographical features and variations in rainfall. Such variability contributes to the noticeable differences in fauna and flora dispersed throughout both Gila and Pinal Counties.

The CAG and Sun Corridor MPO Region is characterized by two distinctive rainy seasons. The winter rain season generally lasts from December to March, and results from precipitation that originates over the Pacific Ocean and the Gulf of Alaska and moves eastward across California into Arizona. The winter rainy season usually accounts for the majority of the overall percentage of Pinal and southern Gila County's annual average precipitation. In the northern highlands of the CAG Region, this precipitation generally results in several inches of snowfall. The other rainy season, commonly referred to as the monsoon season, occurs between the months of July and September. This particular rainfall is the result of relatively moist, warm air from a seasonal Bermuda high-pressure system geographically situated over the Gulf of Mexico. This established, incoming northwestern airflow from the Gulf of Mexico causes the hot and unstable air located throughout the lower lying desert regions to rise by processes of convection, and typically generates severe thunderstorms and heavy rainfalls within a short duration of time. *Refer to Figure 8: Average Annual Precipitation, for a graphic representation of the average precipitation throughout the State of Arizona over the period of 1961-1990. (Spatial Climate Analysis Service – Oregon State University)*



The climate in southern Gila County and Pinal County is characterized by mild winters and hot summers. The climate within northern Gila County is relatively mild throughout both the summer and winter seasons. Average temperatures range from a January minimum of 23.7 degrees in Payson to a July maximum of 107.0 degrees in Coolidge. Although the CAG and Sun Corridor MPO Region is topographically and climatically diverse, most of the precipitation within the Region occurs during the two rainy seasons of winter and summer, with dryer periods of weather occurring during the spring and fall.

2.4 SERVICE INVENTORY & TRANSIT AGENCY PROFILES

Human Services Transportation Level of Service

Many human services agencies provide some form of transportation service to their clients. The level of service provided can vary significantly from agency to agency, depending on the clients' needs and the agencies' resources. Transportation services provided by human service agencies can be placed in one of the four categories listed below – in descending order of involvement and complexity.

1. Provide transportation by operating vehicles to transport their clients.

- 2. Through formal arrangements, contract with other transportation providers for clients' transportation needs.
- 3. Subsidize transportation by providing clients with bus fare, taxi vouchers, mileage reimbursement, or cash.
- 4. Arrange for transportation by assisting clients with trip planning and information on transportation options.

Coordination, and participation in the coordination planning process, is a potential benefit to all agencies regardless of the level of service provided.

CAG & SCMPO Region Transit Providers

CAG and the SCMPO reach out to local stakeholders to form partnerships to participate within the Gila-Pinal Rides Committee in an effort to provide the most comprehensive, effective transportation coordination for the CAG and SCMPO Region.

Participating Mobility Providers are involved in the Gila-Pinal Rides Committee and engaged in community cooperation and collaboration to improve travel opportunities for elders and people with disabilities. *For a list of these participating providers Refer to Table 14: Participating Mobility Providers (5310 & 5311).* Profiles of each of these participating providers are included at the end of this section.

Other Mobility Providers are not currently participating in the Gila-Pinal Rides Committee or coordinating services but do offer various transportation services to their community or clients. *Refer to Table 15: Other Mobility Providers.* Profiles are unavailable for these providers.

Table 14: Participating Mobility Providers (5310 & 5311)			
Providers	Main Office Location		
Arizona Complete Health	Casa Grande		
Central Arizona Regional Transit (CART) – City of Coolidge, Pinal County, Town of Florence and Central AZ College	Coolidge		
Coolidge – Cotton Express	Coolidge		
Copper Mountain Transit (formerly CVCT) – Town of Miami, City of Globe and Gila County	Miami		
Florence – Dorothy Nolan Senior Center/Give-a-Lift	Flötærææce		
Horizon Health & Wellness	Casa Grande		
Payson - Multipurpose Senior Center / Beeline Bus	Payson		
Pinal County – On The Go Express	Florence		
Pinal-Gila Council for Senior Citizens	Casa Grande		
Pinal Hispanic Council	Eloy		
San Carlos Apache Tribe – Nnee Bich' o Nii Transit	Peridot		
The Opportunity Tree	Casa Grande		
White Mountain Apache Tribe – Fort Apache Connection	Whiteriver		

Table 15: Other Mobility Providers (5310 & 5311)		
Providers	Main Office Location	
Ak-Chin Indian Community	Maricopa	
Banner Casa Grande	Casa Grande	
Catholic Community Services	Tucson	
Community Alliance Against Family Abuse	Apache Junction	
DES/DDD – Coolidge	Coolidge	
Dorothy Powell Senior Adult Center	Casa Grande	
Eloy Adult Center	Eloy	
Gila County GEST	Globe	
Gila River Transit	Sacaton	
Globe Active Adult Center	Globe	
Hayden Senior Center	Hayden	
Lutheran Social Services of the Southwest	Tucson	
Miami Senior Center	Miami	
Portable Practical Education Preparation (PPEP)	Tucson	
Superior Senior Center	Superior	
Town of Kearny	Kearny	

As part of the coordination among 5310 & 5311 transit providers, various training, webinar and workshop opportunities are organized, conducted or coordinated by CAG, SCMPO, AzTA, ADOT and various other organizations annually. Dates & locations will be announced, when scheduled.

Training opportunities include, but are not limited to:

Provider Roundtables	Federal Transportation Regs. & Guidelines
5310 and 5311 Applications	Vehicle & Asset Management
5310 and 5311 Program Implementation	Best Practices for Public Health & Safety
Grant Writing, Management & Compliance	Best Practices for Transit Management
Operation & Data Collection	PASS Training for Drivers

Provider Profiles

The following pages are the individual profiles of Section 5310 and 5311 providers in Gila and Pinal Counties. This information is self-reported, and updates are requested annually.



BeeLine Bus

Serving Payson/Star Valley – Gila County

Contact: Joanne Conlin | joanneconlin@gmail.com | 928-474-4876

Service Description:	<u>Overview of Program</u>	
Beeline Bus is a deviated flex route service that began service in November 2018. Operated by the Payson Senior Center, the Beeline Bus is a general public service with two routes: the Blue Route serving Payson north and south and the Red Route serving East Payson and Star Valley. A fleet of three vehicles provide service. Each route operates with one vehicle, with the third as a backup. The buses provide service to major destinations along both routes,	Service Type:	Public Deviated Flex Route and First Mile/Last Mile Services
such as Banner Hospital, Mazatzal Casino, post office, library, Walmart, Bashas, Safeway, Senior Center, public parks, schools and numerous job sites. Deviated service is available up to ¼ mile and requires a 24-hour notice. There is	Service Area:	Payson/Star Valley
an extra charge for this service. Cost is \$1 per ride for the general public. Seniors and Youth can ride for \$0.50/ride. Hours of operation are Monday through Friday, 6:30 am to 5:30 pm.	Applicant Status:	Non-Profit
New in 2020 is the Beeline Connections. It is a first mile – last mile service that provides assistance to riders who	Major Funding Source:	5311 Funding
have difficulty making it to the nearest bus stop.	Annual Date Year:	2020/2021
Approximately 140 meals are delivered each day, for the Meals on Wheels Program.	Annual Trips:	4,500
	Annual Miles:	25,000
<i>For more information:</i> Visit Beeline Bus at www.BeelineBus.info	Annual Hours:	3,302
	Vehicle Inventory:	4
Convert Constitution (No. 1-		-
Current Coordination/Needs:		
The Payson Senior Center (PSC) is operating the Beeline bus as a "pilot system" for the Payson/Star Valley areas. years and then turn the system over to another entity for permanent administration. The Payson Senior Center is p Gila County Transit Governance Study, which is currently underway.		

<u>Unmet Needs:</u>



Central Arizona Regional Transit (CART)

City of Coolidge - Pinal County

Contact: Erik Heet | eheet@coolidgeaz.com | 520-723-6085

The Central Arizona Regional Transit (CART) is operated by the City of Coolidge and its partners including Florence, Central Arizona College, and Pinal County. CART is a fixed route connector service connecting Coolidge, Florence,	<u>Overview of Program</u>	
Central Arizona College, Casa Grande and the Greyhound Terminal in Eloy. CART also utilizes a commuter route in the early mornings from 5:05 am – 7:07 am and in the later afternoon from 4:40 pm – 7:00 pm. Two vehicles are used daily. Two serve daily as backup. CART's route hours of operation are from 6:35 am – 8:20 pm Monday	Service Type:	Fixed Route Connector
through Friday.	Service Area:	Florence to Casa Grande
CART fares are \$2.00 for a one-way pass or \$4.00 for a daily pass. College students with school ID are \$1.00 each way or \$2.00 for a daily pass. The highest trip purpose is education, followed by commuters, and health/medical.	Applicant Status:	Local Government
CART has a large volume of student riders. Most other rides are for employment, shopping and medical services.	Major Funding Source:	5311 Funding
In addition to fare revenue, CART is funded by the City of Coolidge, Town of Florence, Central Arizona College, Pinal County, and by the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) 5311 Program, managed by the Arizona Department of	Annual Date Year:	2020
Transportation (ADOT).	Annual Trips:	9,639
	Annual Miles:	129,038
For more information: Visit Central Arizona Regional Transit (CART) at www.ridethecart.com	Annual Hours:	4,788
	Vehicle Inventory:	4

Current Coordination/Needs:

Central Arizona Regional Transit (CART) coordinates daily with Greyhound at Love's Travel Stop in Eloy, AZ. Passengers from Coolidge, Florence, and Casa Grande may utilize CART's services for intercity travel via Greyhound, which stops at Love's five times per weekday. Maricopa COMET riders can access CART services at Banner Medical Center in Casa Grande, where the COMET stops every Thursday.

Unmet Needs:

Central Arizona Regional Transit's fixed route and schedule hampers the ability for passengers to travel around the communities where CART stops. Ridership visiting Casa Grande and Florence have no other transit methods available, providing mobility for passengers in each of these communities is a critical component to the region's future transit successes.

Copper Mountain Transit

Town of Miami/City of Globe - Gila County

Contact: Katie Dwoznik | miamitransit@cableone.net | 928-473-8222

Copper Mountain Transit (CMT), formerly Cobre Valley Community Transit (CVCT), is a collaborative effort to provide	<u>Overview of Program</u>	
public transit services to the greater Globe-Miami area of Gila County. Copper Mountain Transit currently operates a Dial-a-Ride and a Fixed Route with deviation services. Operating Monday through Friday, excluding all major	Service Type:	Public Transportation
holidays, Copper Mountain Transit fulfills the transportation needs of the residents in the community.	Service Area:	Greater Globe-Miami
Dial-a-Ride provides transportation service in areas the buses cannot navigate and is available to the general public, however it is mainly utilized by Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities who have a difficult time reaching the bus	Applicant Status:	Local Government
stops. Recently there has been an increase in Dialysis Patients.	Major Funding Source:	5311 Funding
The Fixed Route, with deviation service, has 24 stops throughout the Globe-Miami area located near or at business	Annual Date Year:	FY 2019
centers, banking, shopping, dialysis, and medical centers, as well as governmental and municipal buildings. Deviation is available ³ / ₄ of a mile off the regular route for an additional fee.	Annual Trips:	13,642
Copper Mountain Transit has two vans and four buses (one spare van) that provide transportation for the Dial-a-	Annual Miles:	93,171
Ride and Fixed Route services. All are wheelchair accessible.	Annual Hours:	8,054
For more information: visit www.miamiaz.gov/cvcttransit.html	Vehicle Inventory:	8

Current Coordination/Needs:

Copper Mountain Transit coordinates with Statewide Express for non-emergency and DES transportations. These are clients with insurance coverage (no insuranceno transport). Statewide Express contracts some services with CMT. CMT is working on better coordination efforts with San Carlos to improve transportation services in southern Gila County.

<u>Unmet Needs:</u>

Copper Mountain Transit needs to replace older, high mileage, vehicles and strengthening program management.

Coolidge – Cotton Express

City of Coolidge - Pinal County

Contact: Erik Heet | eheet@coolidgeaz.com | 520-723-6085

The Cotton Express is operated by the City of Coolidge with a fleet of five 19-passenger, wheelchair accessible buses. Four vehicles operate route services daily. One vehicle is a backup. One vehicle is used for On-Demand service daily. The Coolidge Cotton Express route hours of operation are from 7:00 am – 8:00 pm Monday through Friday.	<u>Overview of Program</u>	
	Service Type:	Public Transit Service
Two types of services are provided in the City of Coolidge; a deviated-flex route and a demand-response service that utilizes a 24-hour advanced reservation system. The Cotton Express fare for the fixed route service is \$1.00 for	Service Area:	Coolidge
adults and \$0.50 for children. A fare of \$1.50 is charged for the demand-response service and route deviations,	Applicant Status:	Local Government
regardless of age.	Major Funding Source:	5311 Funding
In addition to fare revenue, the Coolidge Cotton Express is funded by the City of Coolidge and the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) 5311 program, managed by the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT).	Annual Date Year:	2020
	Annual Trips:	16,518
For more information: Visit the Cotton Express at www.coolidgeaz.com	Annual Miles:	79,025
	Annual Hours:	9,602
	Vehicle Inventory:	8
Current Coordination/Needs:	<u> </u>	

The Cotton Express has been an active participant in the Pinal Transportation Coordination Demonstration projects, as part of Arizona Rides. Cotton Express works closely with the Senior Center concerning transportation issues and provides transportation to the Family Resource Center in Coolidge. In addition, bus stops are located at the DES and Pinal County Health Department offices. In the future, specific coordination opportunities with Horizon Health & Wellness are being discussed.

Unmet Needs:





Dorothy Nolan Senior Center

Town of Florence - Pinal County

Contact: Carolyn Ballard | carolyn.ballard@florenceaz.gov | 520-868-7648

The mission of the Town of Florence Dorothy Nolan Senior Center is to provide fulfilling social, recreational, cultural, and educational programs and activities for the senior community of Florence.	<u>Overview of Program</u>			
The transportation program serves the Town of Florence and the incorporated limits of Florence. There are three distinct residential areas served by the program – the historic Town Core area, Anthem at Merrill Ranch, and the Four Parks area.	Service Type:	Seniors & people with disabilities		
	Service Area:	Town of Florence		
The transportation program was initiated for seniors who are at least fifty-five (55) years old and persons who are disabled. Transportation is provided to the Senior Center, medical appointments, shopping, and various social/recreation events. The Town has operated the Dorothy Nolan Senior Center for nearly twenty (20) years. Numerous activities are provided daily including a nutritious meal program. The Senior Center currently operates four (4) vehicles, two with wheelchair lifts. The other two vans are used when clients are not in need of a lift. The transportation program vans typically operate Monday through Friday, from 8:00 AM – 4:00 PM.	Applicant Status:	Local Government		
	Major Funding Source:	5310 Funding		
	Annual Date Year:	2020		
	Annual Trips:	6,927		
For more information: visit www.florenceaz.gov/senior-center/	Annual Miles:	15,738		
	Annual Hours:	1,404		
	Vehicle Inventory:	4		
<i>Current Coordination/Needs:</i> The Dorothy Nolan Senior Center has been closed since March 13, 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Senior center staff have been providing transportation services that include meal deliveries, shopping trips and prescription deliveries.				
<u>Unmet Needs:</u>				
Funding for ongoing and expanded operations for staff, volunteers, training and other ancillary services.				



Give-A-Lift

Town of Florence – Pinal County

Contact: Carolyn Ballard | carolyn.ballard@florenceaz.gov | 520-868-7648

The mission of the Town of Florence Give-A-Lift program is to promote independence and enhance the quality of life for senior and disabled residents by providing a no cost means of transportation to medical appointments. The Give-A-Lift program is a volunteer driver program that was initiated for seniors who are at least fifty-five (55) years old and persons who are disabled. The volunteer drivers have agreed to utilize their personal vehicles to provide door through door transportation to and from medical appointments. These trips, at times, include additional stops for the clients shopping needs.	<u>Overview of Program</u>	
	Service Type:	Seniors & people with disabilities
	Service Area:	Town of Florence
	Applicant Status:	Local Government
The Town of Florence has operated the Dorothy Nolan Senior Center for nearly twenty (20) years. The senior center currently operates four (4) vehicles, two of which are ADA accessible vehicles with wheelchair lifts. The volunteer drivers can utilize these vehicles as needed to transport residents to medical appointments.	Major Funding Source:	5310 Funding
	Annual Date Year:	2020
For more information: visit www.florenceaz.gov/senior-center/	Annual Trips:	462
	Annual Miles:	10,488
	Annual Hours:	591
	Vehicle Inventory:	4
Current Coordination/Needs:		

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the Town of Florence closed/restricted services to programming which included no use of volunteers, effective March 13, 2020. Staff only were permitted to provide transportation with proper PPE and safety precautions. Due to limited number of staff, priority only transports for medical and shopping trips are being provided. Staffing/Coordination efforts to continuously seek and obtain additional volunteers, volunteer retention, expand services to include transportation to other services (shopping, recreational/social events, etc.)

<u>Unmet Needs:</u>

Funding for ongoing and expanded operations for staff, volunteers, training and other ancillary services.



Horizon Health & Wellness

Gila & Pinal County

Contact: Marsha Ashcroft | marsha.ashcroft@hhwaz.org | 520-836-1688

Horizon Health and Wellness is a private, non-profit integrated healthcare agency that provides quality psychiatric and medical services and mental health programming to individuals and families in Pinal and Gila Counties.	Overview of Program							
Participants are enrolled in many diverse services, which include primary care, psychiatric evaluations, medication monitoring, residential treatment services, substance abuse treatment, individual and group therapy, crisis stabilization and observation, inpatient services and court ordered treatment coordination. The agency also	Service Type:	Client Transportation Services						
provides day treatment programs for individuals with development disabilities.	Service Area:	Gila & Pinal County						
Horizon Health and Wellness provides transportation services to eligible registered participants. No fare is charged.	Applicant Status:	Non-Profit						
Individuals are transported to and from psychiatric and medical appointments, day treatment programs, therapy sessions, case management services and other miscellaneous purposes that meet medical necessity criteria. Transportation services are provided Monday through Friday 8:00 AM to 6:00 PM. In addition, transportation	Major Funding Source:	5310 Funding / AHCCCS						
services are provided 24 hours a day, seven days a week, to individuals residing in agency group homes.	Annual Date Year:	2020						
Horizon has a fleet of vehicles based at various facilities in Pinal and Gila Counties. The service area includes a 45- mile radius from Casa Grande, Apache Junction, Florence, Queen Creek, the San Pedro Valley, Globe, Miami, and	Annual Trips:	25,553						
Payson. Primary destinations include: Horizon facilities, medical appointments, social services, and social activities.	Annual Miles:	312,345						
\mathbf{D} is a low to the second	Annual Hours:	18,687						
Pinal County: Trips – 10,276 Miles – 198,494 Hours – 10,990 Gila County: Trips – 15,277 Miles – 113,851 Hours – 7,697	Vehicle Inventory:	37						
For more information: visit www.hhwaz.org								
<i>Current Coordination/Needs:</i> Horizon Health and Wellness actively participates in the Gila-Pinal Rides Coordination Committee and also participates in coordinated training in the region.								
<u>Unmet Needs:</u> The Agency plans to apply for three (3) replacement wheelchair-lift vans during the 2021 FTA Section 5310 application process.								



The Opportunity Tree

Casa Grande – Pinal County

Contact: Neal Hallihan | nhallihan@theopportunitytree.org | 602-956-0400 ext. 206

Mission: To provide quality, individualized support to people with intellectual or developmental disabilities in dynamic and	<u>Overview of Program</u>			
 innovative environments. Vision: The Opportunity tree is committed to promoting the development of a society that fully embraces individuals with intellectual and development disabilities through inclusion, advocacy and opportunities. 	Service Type:	Member/Client programs, supports, and transportation services		
Services:	Service Area:	Casa Grande & Maricopa		
The Opportunity tree is a nonprofit, 501c3 organization that offers a continuum of care/lifetime supports to individuals with intellectual and developmental disabilities and their families. Our primary supports include Day	Applicant Status:	Non-Profit		
Treatment programs, Employment Services, Youth Transitions programs, Community-based residential services, and In-Home habilitation supports. The Opportunity Tree serves over 300 members with intellectual and	Major Funding Source:	5310 Funding		
developmental disabilities each year, across all program areas.	Annual Date Year:	2020		
	Annual Trips:	17,000		
For more information: visit www.theopportunitytree.org	Annual Miles:	255,000		
	Annual Hours:	2,850		
	Vehicle Inventory:	13		
Current Coordination/Needs:				

Includes active participation in coordination meetings with Gila-Pinal Rides Transportation Coordination Committee and attending training sessions, as well as providing transportation for people with intellectual disabilities to community wide events, essential services (medical appointments, grocery shopping, etc.) and group supported employment opportunities. Continued exploration of ride sharing process is also taking place.

<u>Unmet Needs:</u>

Agency applied for cutaway with lift vehicles to replace two (2) non-accessible vehicles in the fleet and has also applied for an accessible minivan with a ramp in order to support expansion of agency's Youth Transmission program.



Payson Senior Center

Gila County

Contact: Joanne Conlin | joanneconlin@gmail.com | 928-474-4876

The Payson Senior Center provides transportation for the seniors and disabled in the Payson area and provides	Querrieur of Drogram						
 homebound meals. Transportation is for any person ages 60 and over and for disabled people under 60. They provide transportation Monday through Thursday. The Center has two buses supporting this service and it averages 12 hours a day between the two drivers. Their routes cover the Payson area and one day a week they have a bus dedicated to the Star Valley area. Riders include seniors and persons with disabilities. Their homebound service provides meals to those who are approved by Pinal-Gila Area for Aging. They currently have four meal routes that cover the Payson, Star Valley, and south to Tonto Basin and they provide meals Monday through Friday. Their drivers normally leave by 9:30 am and are done by noon. The Center recently partnered with the Towns of Payson and Star Valley, as well as Gila County to begin a 5311 	Overview of Program Service Type: Service Area: Applicant Status: Major Funding Source: Annual Date Year: Annual Trips:	Seniors and people with disabilities Payson/Star Valley Non-Profit 5310 funding 2019 6,500					
Public Transit Service (See profile for Beeline Bus). For more information: visit www.paysonseniorcenter.org/transportation.html	Annual Miles:	32,000					
For more more mation. Visit www.paysonsemoreciter.org/transportation.ntm	Annual Hours:	2,280					
	Vehicle Inventory:	7					
Current Coordination/Needs:							
The Meals on Wheels program that services the Town of Payson and Star Valley, as well as south to Tonto Basin is almost at its maximum. There are four routes that deliver about 140 meals a day.							
<u>Unmet Needs:</u>							

The Payson Senior Center will be requesting funding for preventative maintenance in 2021 & 2022 and a comprehensive Transit Operations Software platform to assist with Scheduling & Reporting.



Pinal County – On The Go Express

Public Health Department – Pinal County

Contact: Mary Clements | mary.clements@pinalcountyaz.gov | 520-866-7312

Pinal County Public Health Services District, On the Go Express Transportation, is a non-profit, grant funded transportation program, designed to ensure mobility through the provision of transportation to the elderly and	Overview of Program	
persons with disabilities in rural Eastern Pinal County. This is a shared service ride that offers door-to-door service and serves our passengers with a professional and courteous ride. On the Go Express Transportation serves Eastern Pinal County, encompassing the areas of Oracle, Oracle Junction, San Manuel, Mammoth, Aravaipa, Dudleyville,	Service Type:	Seniors and people with disabilities
Kearny, Hayden, Winkelman, Saddlebrooke, Riverside/Kelvin and Superior.	Service Area:	Eastern Pinal County
Services provided by On the Go Express Transportation include transportation to medical appointments, dental	Applicant Status:	Local Government
appointments, vision appointments, physical therapy, grocery shopping and prescription pick up. Clients are also transported to medical appointments as far as the Veteran's hospitals in Tucson. On the Go Express Transportation collaborates with the Pinal County Nutrition and Wellness program for delivery of food boxes to the elderly on a	Major Funding Source:	Pinal County Public Health Services Dist.
monthly basis. A fleet of seven (7) vehicles is used to provide client transportation services. Four of these vehicles are wheelchair accessible.	Annual Date Year:	2020
On the Go Express Transportation operates 8:00 am to 3:00 pm, Monday through Friday with the exception of	Annual Trips:	5,327
county observed holidays. The suggested donation for services is \$2.00 per day with no charge to any aide assisting with a passenger. Transportation is by appointment only and with a minimum of a 72-hour notice. Appointments	Annual Miles:	95,386
are subject to denial if schedule is full. To schedule a ride please call 1-800-208-6897 extension 4508.	Annual Hours:	2,758
	Vehicle Inventory:	7
For more information: call 1-800-208-6897 extension 4508		
Current Coordination/Needs:		
Specific coordination interests include active participation in coordination meetings with the Gila-Pinal Rides Tra coordinating activities such as training, vehicle maintenance and public information. Expanded coordination efforts and Wellness Department for delivery of food boxes for the elderly on a monthly basis.		
<u>Unmet Needs:</u>		



Pinal-Gila Council for Senior Citizens

Gila & Pinal County

Contact: Victor Gomez | victorg@pgcsc.org | 520-836-2758

Pinal-Gila Council for Senior Citizens (PGCSC) provides a variety of services to seniors in the geographic area of	<u>Overview of Program</u>			
Pinal and Gila Counties. As the Area Agency on Aging for Region V, PGCSC provides funds to local Senior Centers, who in turn provide direct service transportation, including services to meet basic needs such as nutrition, medical appointments, personal business and shopping. Senior Centers operating transportation programs under contract	Service Type:	Supports Transit Services for Elderly		
with PGCSC are Apache Junction, Casa Grande, Coolidge, Eloy, Globe, Florence, Hayden, Miami, Superior, and Payson.	Service Area:	Pinal & Gila Counties		
PGCSC continues to work with community senior centers in providing local transportation services meeting	Applicant Status:	Non-Profit		
nutritional, social, and medical needs.	Major Funding Source:	Not Available		
	Annual Date Year:	2018		
For more information: visit www.pgcsc.org	Annual Trips:	Not Available		
	Annual Miles:	Not Available		
	Annual Hours:	Not Available		
	Vehicle Inventory:	3		
Current Coordination/Needs:				
One of the ongoing needs for coordination continues to be access to training for defensive driving and PASS. Anothe the existing transportation services available through the senior centers, with the Central Arizona Regional Transit		ices that would connect		
<u>Unmet Needs:</u>				



Pinal Hispanic Council

Pinal County

Contact: Tanya Cruz | tcruz@pinalhispaniccouncil.org | 520-560-2391

Pinal Hispanic Council (PHC) is a non-profit 501 (c)(3) behavior health agency licensed by the State of Arizona to provide an array of outpatient services in Pinal, Santa Cruz and Cochise Counties. Pinal Hispanic Council has been	<u>Overview of Program</u>	<u>Overview of Program</u>		
in operation for over twenty years. Pinal Hispanic Council's Mission: Empowering diverse communities to become healthy.	Service Type:	Client transportation services		
PHC serves mentally ill individuals and families, children, adults and senior citizens receiving various types of outpatient services in Eloy, Coolidge, Casa Grande, Arizona City, San Tan Valley, Florence and Picacho areas.	Service Area:	Pinal County		
	Applicant Status:	Non-Profit		
PHC provides transportation services to its members to maximize the treatment services we offer by allowing members to keep vital appointments for their wellbeing. By assisting them with daily, weekly, bi-weekly or monthly	Major Funding Source:	5310 & Cenpatico		
transportation, the agency assures their mental well-being is secure. PHC's hours of operation are Monday-Friday from 8:00 am – 5:00 pm. PHC also provides transportation on Saturdays as needed.	Annual Date Year:	2019		
	Annual Trips:	12,123		
For more information, visit www.pipalkispaniscoupsil.org/	Annual Miles:	233,145		
For more information: visit www.pinalhispaniccouncil.org/	Annual Hours:	1,820		
	Vehicle Inventory:	28		

Current Coordination/Needs:

Pinal Hispanic Council utilizes AHCCCS transportation services to provide services for members to medical appointments outside of Pinal County if available. In addition, PHC assists the members in the Coolidge Area to utilize Cotton Express by regularly distributing the Cotton Express brochures and making arrangements or providing guidance if needed.

<u>Unmet Needs:</u>

Pinal Hispanic Council is seeking two vehicles, one for 2021 and one for 2022. PHC is also seeking \$12,800 (\$6,400 each year) in preventative maintenance for eleven vehicles at the 80/20 match with PHC providing \$3,200 (\$1,600 each year) in Local Match.



San Carlos Apache Tribe – Nnee Bich'o Nii Transit

Gila, Pinal, Graham, Greenlee, and Maricopa Counties

Contact: Bernadette Kniffin | bkniffin@tanf.scat-nsn.gov | 928-475-5011 EXT 228

San Carlos Apache Nnee Bich'o Nii Services operates ten scheduled routes, with an increased variety of fixed route,	Overview of Program	<u>Overview of Program</u>		
commuter routes, contract services, intercity, and intercity feeder routes. We provide fixed route services with deviation for all community members. Currently, as per our TAM Plan many of fleet will be replaced due to excessive mileage within the next two to four years.	Service Type:	Intercity & Intercity Feeder Public Transit		
Currently, Nnee Bich'o Nii provides reliable and timely services for individuals who are working, attending school, doctor visits, shopping, attending activities for entertainment or any other activities that support individuals or families. Transit services are used to me degrife and support individuals are services are services.	Service Area:	Gila, Pinal, Graham, Greenlee, & Maricopa Counties		
families. Transit services are used to modernize and expand transit bus services specifically for the purpose of connecting disadvantaged and low-income individuals, veterans, seniors, youths, and others who are transit-	Applicant Status:	Tribal Public Transit		
disadvantaged to the local workforce training, employment opportunities, health care, and other vital services and family related activities.	Major Funding Source:	5311(c) & (f) Funding		
	Annual Date Year:	2018		
For more information: visit http://www.nneebichionee.com/	Annual Trips:	68,573		
	Annual Miles:	646,393.7		
	Annual Hours:	22,537.50		
	Vehicle Inventory:	27		

Current Coordination/Needs:

Nnee Bich'o Nii was involved in the Greater Gila County Feasibility Study with ridership surveys to ensure that services are current and meeting the needs of the riders for Gila & Pinal Counties. During multiple surveys, riders identified that there was a need and desire for the Nnee Bich'o Nii to provide expanded services to the White Mountain Apache Tribe. Another is the establishment of a Safford Circular Route to begin in the Fall of 2020. Currently, we have continued our efforts to work on our coordinated runs with Copper Mountain Transit (CMT) from Globe to Miami and later to Apache Sky and Tucson, Arizona, to connect with Sun Tran Transit.

<u>Unmet Needs:</u>



White Mountain Fort Apache Connection

White Mountain Apache Tribe – Gila County

Contact: Tara Chief | tarachief@wmat.us | 928-338-5155

The White Mountain Apache Division of Transportation Fort Apache Connection began in June 2017. We operate a	<u>Overview of Program</u>						
Fixed Route service from Monday through Friday on the Fort Apache Indian Reservation.	Service Type:	Public Transportation					
The Fort Apache Connection currently operates three routes. Services extend from the west end of the reservation to the east end, servicing the major communities of Carrizo, Cedar Creek, Canyon Day, Whiteriver, North Fork, Hon-Dah and McNary. Future services will extend to the communities of East Fork, Seven Mile, and Fort Apache.	Service Area:	Fort Apache Indian Reservation					
	Applicant Status:	Tribal Government					
Hours of operation are 6:00 AM to 1:45 PM, Monday through Friday. No transit services are available on the third (3 rd) Friday of each month. The fare for a one-way trip is \$1.00 for riders 59 years and under, and \$.50 for senior	Major Funding Source:	5311 Funding					
riders 60 years and older. Daily, weekly and monthly passes are also available.	Annual Date Year:	Data Not Available					
	Annual Trips:						
For more information: visit www.wmatdot.com	Annual Miles:						
	Annual Hours:						
	Vehicle Inventory:	2					
Current Coordination/Needs:							
The Fort Apache Connection is always working to identify ways of improving the transit service on the Fort Apache Indian Reservation. Rider surveys identify the current transit needs for the Fort Apache Connection. In the future, the White Mountain Apache Tribe Fort Apache Connection and the San Carlos Apache Tribe Nnee Bich'o Nii plan to connect at the Salt River Canyon to expand services for passengers who would like to visit family members or travel for work related purposes.							

Unmet Needs:

Commercial Transportation Providers

Taxi, Shuttle and Specialty Transportation Providers

There are several commercial providers that provide airport shuttle, local taxi and other specialty transportation services in Gila and Pinal Counties. More specific information can be obtained by contacting the individual providers listed below. This list is not all inclusive, other providers may exist in addition to those identified below.

A Better Cab Service	Apache Junction, AZ	480-982-7433	A1 Airport Shuttle	Casa Grande, AZ	520-705-0465
Away Better Cab Service	Apache Junction, AZ	480-646-1688	Family Car Services	Payson, AZ	928-474-1910
Globe Taxi Company	Globe, AZ	928-402-8294	Pinal Connections	Casa Grande, AZ	800-427-1271
Union Cab Company	Mesa, AZ	480-303-9999	Yellow Cab	Queen Creek, AZ	480-888-8888

Non-Emergency Medical Transportation

Multiple providers (or brokers) exist to provide or facilitate Non-Emergency Medical Transportation (NEMT) for AHCCCS (Medicaid) patients. These providers are certified through the Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System (AHCCCS) and are selected for use, as needed, by health care providers serving Gila and Pinal AHCCCS Patients. More information can be obtained through the following website (www.azahcccs.gov) and phone number (602-417-7670).

Greyhound Intercity Bus Service

Greyhound Bus Lines maintains several stops and stations within Gila and Pinal Counties. Many are coordinated with local transit services to allow better access to local resources. More information can be obtained by calling the numbers listed below or visiting their website at www.greyhound.com

Current stops include:

Apache Junction, AZ Coolidge, AZ Coolidge, AZ	Chevron Station Coolidge Transit Terminal Central Arizona College	3940 S Ironwood Dr. 395 W Palo Verde Ave. 8470 N Overfield Rd.	800-231-2222 800-231-2222/520-723-7195 800-231-2222
Eloy, AZ	Love's Travel Stop	5000 N Sunland Gin Rd.	800-231-2222
Florence, AZ	Pinal County Courthouse	135 S Pinal Pkwy.	800-231-2222
Globe/Miami, AZ	Arco AM/PM Convenience Store	2398 E US Hwy. 60	928-425-8307
Superior, AZ	Southwest 24 Hour Towing	804 W US Hwy. 60	520-689-1965

AMTRAK

AMTRAK's "Texas Eagle" is a passenger train/rail service that serves South/Central Arizona with stops five days per week in Benson, Tucson, Maricopa and Yuma on the route between Chicago, Illinois and Los Angeles, California. The "Southwest Chief" is a passenger train/rail service that serves Northern Arizona, with daily stops in Winslow, Flagstaff and Kingman on the route between Chicago, Illinois and Los Angeles, California. Refer to the AMTRAK website at www.amtrak.com or call 800-872-7245 for information on schedules, rates and traveling details.

3. VEHICLE INVENTORY

The following is a vehicle inventory for the CAG and SCMPO, as reported by providers in 2020 *(unless otherwise noted)*. An asterisk (*) is placed for each vehicle that was *reported* to have been acquired from DOT, ADOT, or MAG.

BeeLine Bus

Submitted by: Debbie Stephens – Last Updated 2019										<u>(Back to Profile)</u>		
		Vehicle Year	VIN #	Make	Model	Type of Vehicle	Pass Capacity	W/C seat #	Lift- Y-N	Active or Spare	Miles & Condition	
Vehicle	1	2008	1FD3E35S08DB35182	Ford	Supreme	Bus	11	2	Y	Spare	107,205 / Fair	
Vehicle	2	2014	1FDEE3FL3EDA72848	Ford	Supreme	Bus	11	2	Y	Active	80,659 / Good	
Vehicle*	3	2015	1FDEE3FS8FDA35223	Ford	StarCraft	Bus	11	2	Y	Active	66,962 / Good	

Central Arizona Regional Transit (CART)

Submitted by: Erik Heet – Last Updated 2020										<u>(Back to Profile)</u>	
		Vehicle Year	VIN #	Make	Model	Type of Vehicle	Pass Capacity	W/C seat #	Lift- Y-N	Active or Spare	Miles & Condition
Vehicle*	1	2008	1GBJ5V1918F409721	Chevy	C5500	Bus	32	2	Y	Spare	315,201 / Poor
Vehicle*	2	2014	5WEASAAN4EH787071	Int.	Max Force	Bus	32	2	Y	Active	320,914 / Excellent
Vehicle*	3	2014	5WEASAAN2EH787070	Int.	Max Force	Bus	32	2	Y	Active	421,904 / Good
Vehicle*	4	2018	4UZADRFD5JCKF0901	Freight	StarTrans	Bus	24	2	Y	Active	68,906 / Excellent

Copper Mountain Transit (formerly Cobre Valley Community Transit)

Submitt	ed b	y: Katie	Dwoznik – Last Update	d 2019							<u>(Back to Profile)</u>
		Vehicle Year	VIN #	Make	Model	Type of Vehicle	Pass Capacity	W/C seat #	Lift- Y- N	Active or Spare	Miles & Condition
Vehicle	1	2006	1FDXE45S16DB15656	Ford	E450	Bus	15	1	Y	Active	137,229 / Fair
Vehicle	2	2009	1FTDS34L39DA59714	Ford	(High-Top)	Van	8	1	Y	Spare	58,000 / Fair
Vehicle	3	2010	AGB9G5AG9A1136199	Chevy	Arboc Spirit	Bus	14	2	Y	Active	206,948 / Poor
Vehicle	4	2010	1GB9G5AG3A1103909	Chevy	Arboc Spirit	Bus	14	2	Y	Active	211,027 / Fair
Vehicle	5	2010	2D4RN4DE7AR282556	Dodge	Grand Caravan	Van (DAR)	6	1	Ramp	Active	162,509 / Good
Vehicle	6	2010	2D4RN4DE5AR282510	Dodge	Grand Caravan	Van (DAR)	6	1	Ramp	Active	143,933 / Good
Vehicle	7	2013	1GB6G5BG3D1146085	Chevy	Express 4500	Bus	14	2	Ramp	Active	150,035 / Fair
Vehicle	8	2013	1GB6G5BG1D146067	Chevy	Express 4500	Bus	15	2	Ramp	Retired	107,475 / DEAD

Cotton Express

Submitte	ed by	: Erik He	eet – Last Updated 202	0							(Back to Profile)
		Vehicle Year	VIN #	Make	Model	Type of Vehicle	Pass Capacity	W/C seat #	Lift- Y-N	Active or Spare	Miles & Condition
Vehicle*	1	2007	1FDXE45P96DB41983	Ford	E450	Bus	19	2	Y	Spare	151,044/ Adequate
Vehicle*	2	2009	1GBK6316X91133448	Chevy	G450	Bus	19	2	Y	Active	248,928 / Adequate
Vehicle*	3	2009	1GBKG316591133129	Chevy	G450	Bus	19	2	Y	Active	221,522 / Adequate
Vehicle*	4	2009	1GBKG316491133543	Chevy	G450	Bus	19	2	Y	Active	234,422 / Adequate
Vehicle*	5	2014	1GB6G5BGXE1107379	Chevy	G450	Bus	19	2	Y	Active	135,173 / Excellent
Vehicle*	6	2014	1GB6G5BGXE1107057	Chevy	G450	Bus	19	2	Y	Active	136,477 / Excellent
Vehicle*	7	2018	1GB9G5AG0A1108890	Chevy	G450	Bus	14	2	Y	Active	36,765 / Excellent
Vehicle*	8	2019	2C7WDGBG4KR683639	Braun	Entervan	Van	6	2	Y	Active	8,189 / Excellent

Dorothy Nolan Senior Center / Give-a-Lift - Town of Florence

Submitte	ed by	7: Carol	yn Ballard – Last Upda	ited 2020							<u>(Back to Profile)</u>
		Vehicle Year	VIN #	Make	Model	Type of Vehicle	Pass Capacity	W/C seat #	Lift- Y-N	Active or Spare	Miles & Condition
Vehicle	1	2003	1FBSS31S63HB32422	Ford	Maxi Van	Maxi Van	12	SC - 2	Ν	Active	71,711 / Fair
Vehicle	2	2007	1D4GP24EX7B251914	Dodge	Grand Caravan	Minivan	7	SC - 4	N	Active	98,084 / Fair
Vehicle	3	2011	1FDEE3FS2BDB21413	Ford	El Dorado	Cutaway	10	SC - 16	Y	Active	56,319 / Fair
Vehicle	4	2018	1FDEE3F60JDC27912	Ford Starc	E-350 Allstar	Cutaway	15	SC -3	Y	Active	8,839 / Good

Gila River Transit

Submitted by: Deborah Brunner – Last Updated 2019

Vehicle Type of Pass W/C Lift-Active or VIN # Make Model Miles & Condition seat # Y-N Year Vehicle Capacity Spare 1FDWE35S07DA99151 Y 80,063 / Good Vehicle 1 2007 Ford Aerolite Bus 15 1 Spare Vehicle 2 2015 1GB6G5BG7F1121340 **Chevy ARBOC** 28 2 58,553 / Good Spirit of Mobility Bus Ramp Active 28 3 1GB6G5BG0F1121065 Chevy ARBOC 2 52,065 / Good Vehicle 2015 Spirit of Mobility Bus Ramp Active 28 1GB6G5BG6F1122446 Chevy ARBOC Spirit of Mobility 2 47,836 / Good Vehicle 2015 4 Bus Ramp Active Vehicle 5 2018 1HA6GUBB8JN007211 Chevy ARBOC Spirit of Mobility Bus 28 2 Active 16,751 / Very Good Ramp 17,835 / Very Good 1HA6GUBB7JN007135 **Chevy ARBOC** Spirit of Mobility 2 Vehicle 6 2018 Bus 28 Active Ramp

(Back to Profile)

Horizon Health & Wellness

Submittee	d by:	Marsha A	shcroft – Last Updated 20	20							(Back to Profile)
		Vehicle Year	VIN #	Make	Model	Type of Vehicle	Pass Capacity	W/C seat #	Lift- Y-N	Active or Spare	Miles & Condition
Vehicle	1	2009	1FTDS34LX9DA59712	Ford	Supreme	Off Lien	8	2	Y	Active	87,295 / Poor
Vehicle	2	2009	1FTDS34L19DA59713	Ford	Supreme	Off Lien	8	2	Y	Active	112,553 / Fair
Vehicle*	3	2010	1FTDS3EL2ADB00790	Ford	Supreme	5310	8	2	Y	Active	88,708 / Fair

		Vehicle Year	VIN #	Make	Model	Type of Vehicle	Pass Capacity	W/C seat #	Lift- Y-N	Active or Spare	Miles & Condition
Vehicle	4	2010	1FTDS3EL1ADA90267	Ford	Supreme	Off Lien	8	2	Y	Active	111,782 / Fair
Vehicle	5	2011	1FDEE3FS9BDB21411	Ford	E350	Off Lien	8	2	Y	Spare	131,750 / Fair
Vehicle*	6	2011	1FTDS3ELXBDB28550	Ford	E350	5310	8	2	Y	Active	70,535 / Fair
Vehicle*	7	2012	1GAZG1FA6C1183792	Chevy	Express	5310	12	NA	NA	Active	122,325 /Fair
Vehicle*	8	2012	1GAZG1FA4C1183340	Chevy	Express	5310	12	NA	NA	Active	116,558 / Fair
Vehicle*	9	2012	2C4RDGCG1CR353693	Dodge	Caravan	5310	7	NA	NA	Active	106,639 / Fair
Vehicle*	11	2013	1GAZG1FG4D1155317	Chevy	Express	5310	12	NA	NA	Active	133,330 / Fair
Vehicle*	12	2013	1GAZG1FG1D1153945	Chevy	Express	5310	12	NA	NA	Active	124,782 / Fair
Vehicle	13	2013	1FBNE3BL1DDB34227	Ford	Econoline	Agency	7	NA	NA	Active	93,293 / Good
Vehicle*	14	2013	1GAZG1FGXD1153832	Chevy	Express	5310	12	NA	NA	Active	110,696 / Fair
Vehicle*	15	2013	1GAZG1FG1D1154819	Chevy	Express	5310	12	NA	NA	Active	94,697 / Good
Vehicle	16	2014	1FBNE3BL5EDA10799	Ford	E350	Agency	15	NA	NA	Active	74,274 / Good
Vehicle	17	2014	2FMGK5B83EBD42469	Ford	Flex	Agency	7	NA	NA	Active	115,137 / Fair
Vehicle*	18	2015	1GAZG1FG8F1102056	Chevy	Express	5310	12	NA	NA	Active	104,425 / Good
Vehicle*	19	2015	1GAZG1FG7F1103134	Chevy	Express	5310	12	NA	NA	Active	105,073 / Good
Vehicle*	20	2015	1GAZG1FG8F1103773	Chevy	Express	5310	12	NA	NA	Active	80,605 / Good
Vehicle*	21	2015	1GAZG1FG1F1157996	Chevy	Express	5310	12	NA	NA	Active	83,958 / Good
Vehicle*	22	2015	1GAZG1FG6F1157248	Chevy	Express	5310	12	NA	NA	Active	70,503 / Good
Vehicle*	23	2015	1FBZX2CM3FKA53189	Ford	Transit	5310	12	NA	NA	Active	56,887 / Good
Vehicle*	24	2015	1FDEE3FSXFDA35224	Ford	Starcraft	5310	8	2	Y	Active	71,033 / Good
Vehicle*	25	2015	2C4RDGCG5FR719501	Dodge	Caravan	5310	7	NA	NA	Active	95,580 / Good
Vehicle	26	2015	2FMGK5B80FBA23175	Ford	Flex	Agency	7	NA	NA	Active	93,328 / Good
Vehicle*	27	2016	1FBZX2CMXGKB22848	Ford	Transit	5310	12	1	Y	Active	35,509 / Good
Vehicle*	28	2016	1GAZGPFG6G1331680	Chevy	Express	5310	12	NA	NA	Active	86,309 / Good
Vehicle*	29	2016	1GAZGPFG5G1330570	Chevy	Express	5310	12	NA	NA	Active	101,267 / Good

		Vehicle Year	VIN #	Make	Model	Type of Vehicle	Pass Capacity	W/C seat #	Lift- Y-N	Active or Spare	Miles & Condition
Vehicle	30	2016	AGAZGPFG7G1333003	Chevy	Express	5310	12	NA	NA	Active	64,719 / Good
Vehicle*	31	2016	1GAZGPFG3G1333256	Chevy	Express	5310	12	NA	NA	Active	52,554 / Good
Vehicle*	32	2016	1GAZGPFG0G1333196	Chevy	Express	5310	12	NA	NA	Active	56,072 / Good
Vehicle*	33	2016	2C4RDGCG6GR378059	Dodge	Caravan	5310	7	NA	NA	Active	79,443 / Good
Vehicle*	34	2017	1GAZGPFG5H1227649	Chevy	Express	5310	12	NA	NA	Active	55,411 / Good
Vehicle*	35	2017	1FMZK1YM1HKA90642	Ford	E150	5310	7	NA	NA	Active	31,384 / Good
Vehicle*	36	2017	1FBZX2CM9HKA91030	Ford	Transit	5310	8	2	Y	Active	59,506 / Good
Vehicle*	37	2018	1GAZGPFG5J1343794	Chevy	Express	5310	12	NA	NA	Active	39,089 / Good

The Opportunity Tree

		y: Neal H	Hallihan – Last Updated	2020							(Back to Profile)
		Vehicle Year	VIN #	Make	Model	Type of Vehicle	Pass Capacity	W/C seat #	Lift- Y- N	Active or Spare	Miles & Condition
Casa Gra	ande	Fleet									
Vehicle	1	2015	2C4RDGBG1FR625052	Dodge	Caravan	Van	6	0	N	Active	61,871 / Fair
Vehicle	2	2016	2C4RDGBGXGR278709	Dodge	Caravan	Van	6	0	N	Active	60,057 / Fair
Vehicle	3	2017	5TDKZ3DC5HS898950	Toyota	Sienna	Van	8	0	N	Active	70,420 / Fair
Vehicle	4	2017	2C4RDGBG9HR548790	Dodge	Caravan	Van	6	0	N	Active	27,373 / Excellent
Vehicle	5	2017	1FBZX2CM5HKB08809	Ford	Transit 350	Van	12	4	Y	Active	44,145 / Excellent
		Vehicle Year	VIN #	Make	Model	Type of Vehicle	Pass Capacity	W/C seat #	Lift- Y- N	Active or Spare	Miles & Condition
Casa Gra	ande	Fleet (C	ontinued)		-						
Vehicle	6	2017	5TDKZ3DCXHS880654	Toyota	Sienna	Van	8	0	Ν	Active	35,780 / Excellent
Vehicle	7	2018	5TDKZ3DC9JS907705	Toyota	Sienna	Van	8	0	Ν	Active	33,056 / Excellent
Vehicle	8	2018	1FBZX2CM2JKA17907	Ford	Transit 350	Van	12	4	Y	Active	42,875 / Excellent
Vehicle	9	2018	5TDZZ3DC7JS950020	Toyota	Sienna	Van	7	1	Y	Active	39,935 / Excellent
Vehicle	10	2019	3N1AB7AP6KY227370	Nissan	Sentra	Car	4	0	N	Active	10,207 / Excellent

		Vehicle Year	VIN #	Make	Model	Type of Vehicle	Pass Capacity	W/C seat #	Lift- Y- N	Active or Spare	Miles & Condition
Maricop	a Fle	et									
Vehicle	11	2015	2C4RDGBG7FR642311	Dodge	Grand Caravan	Van	7	0	Ν	Active	52,512 / Fair
Vehicle	12	2017	2C4RDGBG0HR564294	Dodge	Grand Caravan	Van	7	0	Ν	Active	52,806 / Fair
Vehicle	13	2018	1FDZX2CM6HKA31729	Ford	Transit 350	Van	12	4	Y	Active	27,045 / Excellent

Payson Senior Center

Submitte	d b	y: Micha	ael Hernandez – Last Upd	lated 2020							(Back to Profile)
		Vehicle Year	VIN #	Make	Model	Type of Vehicle	Pass Capacity	W/C seat #	Lift- Y- N	Active or Spare	Miles & Condition
Vehicle*	1	2008	1GNDV23W98D206735	Chevrolet	DLS	Van	7	0	N	Spare	47,424 / Poor
Vehicle*	2	2010	5TDKK4CC2AS301206	Toyota	SCL	Van	7	0	N	Active	44,564 / Fair
Vehicle*	3	2011	1GAZG1FG6B1190597	Chevrolet	Express	Van	12	0	N	Spare	46,878 / Good
Vehicle*	4	2012	2C4RDGCG4CR353705	Dodge	Grand Caravan	Van	7	0	N	Active	47,347 / Good
Vehicle*	5	2012	2C4RDGBG3CR281333	Dodge	AmeriVan	Van	5	1	N	Active	43,577 / Good
Vehicle*	6	2019	1FBZX2CM4KKA99110	Ford	Transit350	Van	6	2	Y	Active	5,296 / Good
Vehicle*	7	2018	1FMCU0GD1JUC60374	Ford	Escape	SUV	4	0	N	Active	27,253 / Good

Pinal County On the Go Express

Submitte	Submitted by: Mary Clements – Last Updated 2020 (Back to Profile)													
		Vehicle Year	VIN #	Make	Model	Type of Vehicle	Pass Capacity	W/C seat #	Lift- Y-N	Active or Spare	Miles & Condition			
Vehicle*	1	2020	2C4RC1FGOLR183385	Chevy	Pacifica	Van	8	0	N	Active	New / Excellent			
Vehicle*	2	2012	1FDEE3FS3CDA62910	Ford	Supreme	Cutaway	8	2	Y	Active	119,017 / Poor			
Vehicle	3	2014	1FDWE3FL6EDB17821	Ford	Starcraft	Cutaway	8	2	Y	Active	55,107 / Good			
Vehicle	4	New	On Order											

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		Vehicle Year	VIN #	Make	Model	Type of Vehicle	Pass Capacity	W/C seat #	Lift- Y-N	Active or Spare	Miles & Condition
Vehicle	5	2016	KNDMC5C17G6127748	Kia	Sedona	Van	8	2	N	Active	118,154 / Good
Vehicle	6	2017	FDVU4XG7HKA62625	Ford	E350	Transit	8	2	Y	Active	34,196 / Excellent
Vehicle	7	2018	1FDVU4XG4JKB30384	Ford	E350	Transit	8	2	Y	Active	20,998 / Excellent

Pinal Hispanic Council

Submitted by: Tanya Cruz - Last Updated 2020 (Back to Profile) W/C Lift-Vehicle Type of Vehicle Pass Active or VIN # Make Model Miles & Condition seat Capacity Y-N Year Spare # Vehicle 1 1994 2B5WB35YXRK137827 Dodge 10 74,616 / Fair Ram Van N/A Ν Spare Vehicle 2 1998 1FBSS31SXWHB14879 E-350 8 2 Ford Van 67,359 / Poor Ramp Spare Vehicle 3 2005 1GAHG39U151244806 x3 Van Van 15 N/A Ν 200,232 / Good Chevy Active 7 Vehicle 2010 5TDKK4CC3AS302316 Van Ν 161,656 / Good 4 Toyota Sienna N/A Active Vehicle 5 2010 5TDKK4CC4AS302017 7 N/A Ν 165,177 / Fair Toyota Sienna Van Active Vehicle 6 2010 2D4RN3D11AR389450 Grand Caravan 7 Ν Dodge/Blk Van N/A Active 133,787 / Good 7 7 Vehicle¹ 2010 2D4RN3D13AR335678 Grand Caravan N/A Ν Dodge Van Active 135,835 / Good Vehicle¹ 2010 7 8 2A4RR2D18AR405892 Chrysler Town & Country Van N/A Ν Active 124,670 / Good Vehicle¹ 9 2010 2D4RN4DEXAR406318 Dodge Grand Caravan Van 7 N/A Ν 85,143 / Good Active Vehicle 10 2012 2C4RDGCG0CR353734 Dodge Grand Caravan Van 7 N/A Ν 134,828 / Good Active 7 Vehicle 11 2012 2C4RDGCG2CR353735 Dodge Grand Caravan Van N/A Ν 93,200 / Good Active Vehicle 12 2013 7 2C4RDGBG2DR735993 Dodge Grand Caravan Van N/A Ν Active 126,322 / Good Vehicle 13 2014 1FBSS3BL8EDA58843 Ford/White 15 N/A Ν E-350 15 Passenger Van Active 79,021 / Good Vehicle¹ 14 2014 1FBSS3BL9EDA36527 Ford/Red E-350 15 Passenger Van 15 N/A Ν 84,891 / Excellent Active Vehicle 15 2015 2C4RDGCG9FR635570 Dodge Grand Caravan Van 7 N/A Ν Active 116,718 / Excellent 7 Vehicle¹ 16 2015 2C4RDGCG0FR635571 Dodge Grand Caravan Van N/A Ν 97,722 / Excellent Active 2015 7 2 Vehicle 17 2C7WDGBG9FR702952 Dodge Van Active 62,431 / Excellent Caravan Ramp

		Vehicle Year	VIN #	Make	Model	Type of Vehicle	Pass Capacity	W/C seat #	Lift- Y-N	Active or Spare	Miles & Condition
Vehicle ¹	18	2015	2C4RDGCG0FR722936	Dodge	Grand Caravan	Van	7	N/A	N	Active	61,087 / Excellent
Vehicle	19	2016	2C4RDGBG7GR250379	Dodge	Grand Caravan	Van	7	N/A	Ν	Active	69,675 / Excellent
Vehicle	20	2016	2C4RDGCG2GR378060	Dodge	Grand Caravan	Van	7	N/A	N	Active	69,790 / Excellent
Vehicle	21	2016	1GAZGPFG5G1331220	Chevy	12 Passenger	Van	12	N/A	Ν	Active	63,959 / Excellent
Vehicle	22	2017	1FMZK1YM0HKB18446	Ford	Transit t-150	Van	8	N/A	Ν	Active	35,341 / Excellent
Vehicle	23	2017	1FMZK1YM2HKB18447	Ford	Transit T-150	Van	8	N/A	Ν	Active	48,178 / Excellent
Vehicle	24	2019	2C4RDGBG1KR729969	Dodge	Grand Caravan	Van	7	N/A	Ν	Active	3,295 / Excellent
Vehicle	25	2019	2C4RDGBG8KR729967	Dodge	Grand Caravan	Van	7	N/A	Ν	Active	9,919 / Excellent
M-Cycle	26	1960	097719	Cushman	3-wheel M-Cycle	M-Cycle	1	N/A	Ν		
Trailer	27	2006	1S9BE122661870683	Sharp	Toy Hauler						
Vehicle	28	1999	3B6KC26Z0XM552627	Dodge	Ram 2500	Truck	3	N/A	N		Not Running

¹ Vehicles are in the Southeastern Association of Governments Organization (SEAGO) Region – (Nogales and Douglas).

San Carlos Apache Tribe - Nnee Bich'o Nii Transit

Submitted by: Bernadette Kniffin – Last Updated 2019

Lift Y-N W/C Type of Pass Active or VIN Make Model Miles & Condition Year Vehicle Capacity Seat# Spare 1FBNE31L28DB40206 Vehicle 1 2008 Ford E-350 Econo Van 11 0 270,279 / Good 2008 0 Vehicle 2 1FBNE31L48DB40207 Ford E-350 Econo Van 11 316,877 / Good 3 2008 Vehicle 1FBNE31L68DB40208 Ford E-350 Econo Van 11 NA 381,041 / Good Vehicle 4 2008 1FBSS31L58DA80496 Ford Econo Van LG 14 NA 352,661 / Good Vehicle 5 2008 Ford Econo Van SM 0 305,285 / Good 1FBNE31L44HA20572 11 Vehicle 6 2008 Econo Van LG 11 0 300,836 / Good 1FBSS31L95HB12760 Ford 7 0 265,175 / Good Vehicle 2009 1FBNE31L29DA89419 Ford BS Van 11 8 0 308,924 / Good Vehicle 2009 1FBNE31L99DA89420 Ford BS/WSD Van 11 Vehicle 9 2009 1FBSS31L69DA89421 9 0 45,653 / Good Ford BS Van

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		Year	VIN	Make	Model	Type of Vehicle	Pass Capacity	W/C Seat#	Lift Y-N	Active or Spare	Miles & Condition
Vehicle	10	2011	1GA2G1DG011778934	Chevy	Express Van		11	0			143,238 / Good
Vehicle	11	2011	1GAZG1FG1B1189938	Chevy	Express Van		11	0			139,993 / Good
Vehicle	12	2011	1GAZG1FGXB1190537	Chevy	Express Van		11	0			231,334 / Good
Vehicle	13	2011	1GAZG1FG3B1190766	Chevy	Express Van		11	0			238,160 / Good
Vehicle	14	2011	1GAZG1FA7C1184546	Chevy	Express Van		11	0			475,140 / Good
Vehicle	15	2003	1FAFP33P13W309838	Ford	Focus		5	0			189,943 / Good
Vehicle	16	2008	1B36C46K98N296897	Dodge	Avenger SD		5	0			141,351 / Good
Vehicle	17	2012	1GCIKVCG7CF207409	Chevy	2500 HD		6	0			176,623 / Good
Vehicle	18	2012	1GCIKVGG3GF209125	Chevy	2500 HD		6	0			115,772 / Good
Vehicle	19	2012	1GB6G5BL7C1202590	Chevy	Express 4500		17	2			177,572 / Needs Replaced
Vehicle	20	2012	1GB6G5BL6C1201902	Chevy	Express 4500		17	2			300,180 / Good
Vehicle	21	2013	1FDD53EL9DDB22866	Ford	E-350		8	2			31,896 / Good
Vehicle	22	2013	1FDD53EL0DDB22867	Ford	E-350		8	2			32,666 / Good
Vehicle	23	2015	1FDFE4FS1FDA12277	Ford	Starcraft		24	4			217,689 / Good
Vehicle	24	2015	1FVACWDT1GHHD2056	Champion	Defender		32	4			213,862 / Good
Vehicle	25	2017	1FBZX2CM7HKA03169	Transit Works	350 Van		10	2			79,345 / Excellent
Vehicle	26	2017	1FBZX2CM3HKA03170	Transit Works	350 Van		10	2			27,298 / Excellent
Vehicle	27	2018	1FTEX1CB2JKFF16578	Ford	F150 Truck		6	0			4,703 / Excellent

White Mountain Fort Apache Connection

Submitted by: Cassie Kenton-Garcia, Transit Manager – Last Updated 2017 (Back to Profile)											
	Vehicle YearVIN #MakeModelType VehiclePass CapacityW/CLift- Y- NActive or SpareMiles & Condition									Miles & Condition	
Vehicle	1	2017	1FDFE4FS2HDC51422	Ford	Econoline	Cutaway	16	2	Y	Active	15,072 / GOOD
Vehicle	2	2017	1FDFE4FS0HDC51421	Ford	Econoline	Cutaway	16	2	Y	Active	3,245 / GOOD

3.1 UNMET NEEDS

To explore the unmet needs of the CAG and Sun Corridor MPO Regions, local transit providers were asked through a survey conducted by the Region, how many of their clients were unable to transport themselves and dependent upon some sort of public transportation.

On average, 80% of the clients & riders of the local transit providers were estimated to be transit dependent. The Arizona Community Survey estimates noted in section 2.2, table 4 report that 4.4% of households in Pinal County and 5.9% of occupied households in Gila County have no vehicle available. In addition, it is also reported that 15%, on average, required the daily use of a wheelchair or specially equipped van to fully utilize services in their communities. This average aligns very closely with the Arizona Community Survey disability estimates discussed in section 2.2 and tables 9 & 11, which indicated 15.2% of residents in Pinal County and 22. 2% of residents had some type of disability.

Providers also reported that unmet needs include; service gaps, lack of vehicular resources, and inadequate funding to meet the needs of the region. In response to the survey, every agency expressed a need for new vehicles (25 combined) over the next three (3) years. Plans to enhance or expand services often were limited due to financial constraints. When funding is reduced, agencies are forced to cut services or lessen their quality of service in order to continue operations.

Twenty-five percent (25%) of respondents reported issues with riders/clients/customers getting access to their service sites. Approximately eighty-eight percent (87.5%) of those responding to the survey stated that additional public transit options and/or transportation resources outside of their agency would be helpful to their clients and the communities they served.

Agency	Description (For Vehicles – Replacement or Expansion)	Match Ratio	Federal Award \$	Local Match \$	Total Award \$		
Central Arizona	Regional Mobility Management	80%	\$55,000	\$13,750	\$68,750		
Governments	CARES Act Emergency Relief	100%	\$68,750	\$0	\$68,750		
	Preventative Maintenance	80%	\$24,800	\$6,200	\$31,000		
The Opportunity	Preventative Maintenance	80%	\$80,000	\$20,000	\$100,000		
Tree	Cutaway w/ lift	85%	\$68,000	\$12,000	\$80,000		
	Mini-van w/ ramp	85%	\$49,300	\$8,700	\$58,000		
Payson Senior	Preventative Maintenance	80%	\$4,000	\$1,000	\$5,000		
Center	Preventative Maintenance	80%	\$4,000	\$1,000	\$5,000		
_	Mini-van w/no lift	80%	\$24,070	\$6,018	\$30,088		
Pinal Hispanic Council	Preventative Maintenance	80%	\$6,000	\$1,500	\$7,500		
Gounen	Preventative Maintenance	80%	\$28,000	\$7,000	\$35,000		
Helping Ourselves Pursue Enrichment	Apache 6-pass van	90%	\$27,078	\$3,009	\$30,087		
	GRAND TOTAL: \$438,998 \$80,177 \$519,175						

Updated 2020 awards for the region, including CARES Act Emergency Relief funds, is noted in the table below:

5310-funded providers in the CAG/SCMPO region also identified the following anticipated needs for FY2021 and FY2022 grant years:

5310 Agency	Anticipated Needs for FY2021 & FY2022 Grant Years				
Dorothy Nolan Senior Center	Funding for ongoing and expanded operations for staff, volunteers, training and other ancillary services.				
Give-a-Lift Program	Funding for ongoing and expanded operations for staff, volunteers, training and other ancillary services.				
The Opportunity Tree	Agency applied for cutaway with lift vehicles to replace two (2) non-accessible vehicles in the fleet and has also applied for an accessible minivan with a ramp in order to support expansion of agency's Youth Transmission program.				
Payson Senior Center	Payson Senior Center will be requesting funding for preventative maintenance in 2021 & 2022 and a comprehensive Transit Operations Software platform to assist with Scheduling & Reporting.				
Horizon Human Services	The Agency plans to apply for three (3) replacement wheelchair-lift vans during the 2021 FTA Section 5310 application process.				
Pinal Hispanic Council	Pinal Hispanic Council is seeking two vehicles, one for 2021 and one for 2022. PHC is also seeking \$12,800 (\$6,400 each year) in preventative maintenance for eleven vehicles at the 80/20 match with PHC providing \$3,200 (\$1,600 each year) in Local Match.				

4. CONDITIONS ASSESSMENT

4.1 GENERAL ASSESSMENT OF CURRENT CONDITIONS

Personal and political preferences have long favored the independence and convenience of the personal automobile, with the exception of many first-time drivers, low-income residents, and those for whom driving is a challenge - due to age and/or ability. But, because developing and sustaining public transit programs is a difficult proposition outside the most densely populated areas, many residents of Gila and Pinal counties continue to rely heavily on privately-owned transportation.

The lack of public transit systems in the CAG & SCMPO Regions place a heavy burden on human service agencies trying to provide services to their clients in these areas. In response many, if not all of them, have established some form of supplemental transportation program to get their clients to and from medical appointments, education & work training programs, grocery stores and other necessary destinations. As the name implies, client-based transportation programs are designed to serve community members who meet one or more eligibility parameters defined by federal requirements or the agency providing the service. These parameters include developmental disabilities (DD), serious mentally illness (SMI), court-ordered treatment, a behavioral health diagnosis, low-income, age, and so forth. As helpful as these services are to their clients, they provide limited or no benefit to other members of the community.

This fractured approach to transportation services makes it difficult to develop economy-of-scale savings or program efficiencies like ridesharing and vehicle-sharing programs. This leaves many public and private providers to deal with their own transportation issues in the most-costly ways

possible. It also puts many human service agencies in the position of operating a supplemental program that is outside the bounds of their area of expertise or the focus of their services. Despite these difficulties, many of these agencies choose to operate transportation programs for the good of their clients.

All public and private providers in the CAG/SCMPO regions are regularly encouraged to have drivers attend formal Passenger Assistance, Safety and Sensitivity (PASS) training. PASS training is the recognized industry standard when it comes to ensuring that passengers are transported in the safest, most sensitive and careful manner possible. Because many of the local providers rely on volunteers, and have a high driver turnover, the need for better access to training continues to be a priority. One of the goals established by the Gila-Pinal Rides Committee is to improve driver's training opportunities by sponsoring more regional training classes and emphasizing the need for more trainers to serve the CAG/SCMPO regions.

As difficult as it is to provide transportation services in Gila and Pinal counties, the world-wide impacts associated with the COVID-19 Pandemic have made it even more problematic. Since March of 2020, government restrictions, business closures and layoffs, supply chain shortages, health & safety concerns, travel restrictions, and many other factors have led to a sharp & sudden reduction in ridership and the need for changes to operational policies and increased vehicle maintenance to preserve the health & safety of staff and riders. It is impossible to determine what all the short and long-term effects will be as a result of this pandemic but it's safe to say providing transportation services for all that need the services will be even more difficult and more expensive in the near future.

4.2 PERFORMANCE DATA

In 2019, the human service transit agencies reported making more than 64,000 one-way trips during the last year to transport elders (60 years and older) and/or people who have a disability. That same group traveled approximately 531,967 in-service miles. The average rider's fare for the trip was \$0.14 primarily because few of the respondents reporting collected a fare or a donation of any kind. The average trip was 8.31 miles.

In 2020, impacts associated with the COVID-19 pandemic, resulted in a dramatic reduction in ridership and trips. They also led most providers to operate on a fare-free basis to assist their clients and riders, many of whom suffered personal economic setbacks.

4.3 GAPS IN SERVICE

Recent studies in both Gila County and the Sun Corridor MPO helped to identify current gaps in service. The gaps in service include the following areas (in no particular order):

- Central Gila County
- Greater Payson area
- Greater Globe / Miami area
- Eastern Pinal County (Rural areas)

- Western Pinal County (Urban areas)
- Circulator systems in Casa Grande, Eloy, Arizona City, and Florence
- Commuter service to the Phoenix metro area

In addition, no agency responding to the survey stated that they currently contract with other agencies or organizations to transport clients. Encouragement to explore the viability of ride and vehicle sharing between agencies and commute programs for employers will continue to be offered.

Some agencies stated that they are experiencing problems with current methods of transporting clients/passengers to the requested site or service. The primary reasons are limited access to local flexed routes and the need for additional capital resources. Some respondents have waiting lists for individuals who have no way of getting to services.

Increased health and safety concerns have only intensified these problems.

4.4 REDUNDANCIES IN SERVICE

No respondents to the survey suggested that redundancies in services existed within the Region.

4.5 ORGANIZATIONAL CAPACITY

In 2019, only 175 vehicles served the 458,682 residents living in an area of more than 10,000 square miles in and around the CAG and SCMPO Region. Transit providers in this Region have a wide range of clients and trip purposes, however transporting riders for short trips, in small communities and towns can make some vehicles appear less efficient. As noted in the Provider Profiles, in Section 2.4, the primary purpose for providing transportation is to assist residents with counseling, mental health appointments, congregate nutrition (mid-day group meals), home-delivered meals, job placement, residential care, trips to senior centers, supporting employment and volunteer opportunities. In the CAG and SCMPO Region, vehicles having the capacity to transport residents with wheelchairs are in the minority. While 76 vehicles were capable of transporting someone in a wheelchair, the remaining 99 vehicles in the regional fleet could not.

The breakout reported then for vehicles with wheelchair tie downs is as follows:

Vehicles with No Tie Downs for Wheelchairs	99
Vehicles with 1 Tie Down for a Wheelchair	10
Vehicles with 2 Tie Downs for Wheelchairs	58
Vehicles with 4 Tie Downs for Wheelchairs	7
Vehicles with 5 Tie Downs for Wheelchairs	1

4.6 PARTNERSHIPS & COORDINATION ACTIVITIES

The Gila-Pinal Rides Committee is the steering committee for transit coordination issues within the CAG and SCMPO Region. This steering committee is comprised of transit providers and stakeholders from Gila and Pinal Counties and meets six times a year (bi-monthly).

The May, July and September 2020 meetings of the Gila-Pinal Rides Committee focused primarily on the goals and future of coordination in the CAG and SCMPO Region. Primary goals were identified as well as recommendations to enhance regional training efforts and reach out to transportation stakeholders currently using, directly or indirectly, 5310 and 5311 transportation resources. Additional details regarding program goals are noted in Section 7 – Priorities, Goals & Objectives.

Public private partnerships have and are being explored for special needs transportation with organizations such as Age Friendly Arizona, Waymo, Uber, Lyft and others. Private companies are having discussions around service to clients who have a wide variety of mobility challenges.

Technology companies are becoming extremely innovative in the development of computer and smart phone applications that streamline everything from the client intake process to the reporting of trips, miles, and service hours. In the future, area agencies hope to partner with the FTA, who is open to, and assists with, the funding of projects that bring efficiency to the mobility on-demand process. As part of the coordination among transit providers, Table 17: Scheduled Gila-Pinal Rides Committee Meetings for 2021, lists the Gila Rides Committee meetings for the 2021 calendar year.

Meetings are scheduled to allow time for discussions on everyday transit needs, barriers, and opportunities. As has been the case for much of 2020, these meetings are scheduled to be held using virtual platforms. Meeting dates, times and formats are subject to change.

Table 17: Scheduled Gila-Pinal Rides Committee Meetings for 2021							
Date	Time	Location					
Wednesday - January 20, 2021	10:00 AM	Virtual Meeting / TBD					
Wednesday - March 17, 2021	10:00 AM	Virtual Meeting / TBD					
Wednesday - May 19, 2021	10:00 AM	Virtual Meeting / TBD					
Wednesday - July 21, 2021	10:00 AM	Virtual Meeting / TBD					
Wednesday - September 15, 2021	10:00 AM	Virtual Meeting / TBD					
Wednesday - November 17, 2021	10:00 AM	Virtual Meeting / TBD					

4.7 STUDIES – IN PROGRESS AND RECENTLY COMPLETED

The Pinal County Transit Governance Study

CAG, after consulting with Pinal County, the Pinal Regional Transportation Authority (PRTA) and local providers, commissioned Nelson/Nygaard Consulting Associates to conduct the Pinal County Transit Governance Study in an effort to identify an institutional structure that would improve coordination and connectivity of transit programs within Pinal County. The study will provide a comprehensive guide to enhance transit services and design investment strategies that make best use of available federal, state, regional, and local resources. The study will evaluate transit governance models and recommend a framework to guide future governance, management and

implementation of public transportation services in Pinal County. The analysis will include recommendations on how existing and future public transportation services can coordinate and collaborate on service delivery as well as how the region should manage, structure and oversee public transportation service development. For more information, please visit: http://www.cagaz.org/Departments/tpt/pctransitstudy.html

The Gila County Transit Governance Study

CAG, in cooperation with Gila County and local providers, commissioned AECOM Consulting to conduct the Gila County Transit Governance Study in an effort to identify an institutional structure that will improve coordination and connectivity of transit programs within Gila County. The study will provide a comprehensive guide to enhance transit services and design investment strategies that make best use of available federal, state, regional, and local resources. The study will evaluate transit governance models and recommend a framework to guide future governance, management and implementation of public transportation services in Gila County. The analysis will include recommendations on how existing and future public transportation services can coordinate and collaborate on service delivery as well as how the region should manage, structure and oversee public transportation service development. For more information, please visit: http://www.cagaz.org/Departments/tpt/transportation.html

The Greater Gila County Transit Feasibility & Implementation Plan

In January 2018, CAG completed the *Greater Gila County Transit Feasibility Study* that identified the need for expanding transit services within Gila County to allow residents to fulfill daily commuting needs that include medical, educational, shopping, recreational, and emergency travel commitments. As a second phase, the Implementation Plan proposed the execution of recommended transit improvements outlined in the Feasibility Study. For more information, please visit:

Phase I – Feasibility Study:

www.cagaz.org/Departments/tpt/plans/CAG_GilaCountyTransitFeasibilityStudy_FINAL.pdf.

Phase II – Implementation Plan:

www.cagaz.org/Departments/tpt/plans/CAG_GilaCountyTransitImplementationPlan_FINAL.pdf.

The Casa Grande Transit Development Plan

Casa Grande is an urbanized area in Central Arizona located mid-way between the State's largest metropolitan areas of Phoenix and Tucson. Casa Grande has a long history of being the crossroads of population movements and commerce and has taken advantage of western connection via Interstate 8 (I-8) to Southern California. The Transit Development Plan (TDP) is an undertaking that prepared the City for expansive growth accompanying economic advantages associated with the Sun Corridor, an emerging megapolitan area arising from dynamic confluence of social and economic forces extending through the central portion of Arizona from Nogales on the Arizona-Mexico International Border to Prescott in Yavapai County. For more information, please visit: www.casagrandeaz.gov/casa-grande-transit-study-development-plan-2/.

The Eloy Transit Feasibility Study

Eloy's central location in the Sun Corridor Region places it in a prime position in the emerging transportation hub near the nexus of I-8, Interstate 10 (I-10), future North-South Corridor, Union Pacific rail line, and aviation facilities. Economists predict these facilities will stimulate significant growth in Eloy as a major employment center and continued growth in the residential population. Creating a transit system in the City of Eloy will help build on the numerous diverse opportunities that attract people to the area, enhance mobility within the City, improve quality of life for residents, and further develop multimodal regional connectivity. For more information, please visit: www.scmpo.org/eloytransit/

5. TRIP GENERATORS

Transit is a public service. Similar to schools, utilities, libraries, roads, and parks, transit provides a life necessity – transportation. For those who cannot, or choose not to drive a car, transportation provided by public operators, non-profits, volunteers, or private companies gets them to work, school, doctors, grocery stores, and other necessary destinations. Everyone in America, no matter the age, ability, income, or race, deserves the opportunity to live somewhere affordable, convenient, beautiful, and safe. America's towns and cities deserve investment, stewardship, and a supportive, thriving population. Creating the places that make this possible is a "Smart Growth" approach to community development.

According to the Smart Growth America website, smart growth means: Reinvesting in America's downtowns and Main Streets, the economic engines of big cities and small towns alike; Creating homes for families of all income levels alongside one another; Diversifying our transportation system so Americans have a choice in how they get around; Building streets that are safe for people walking, bicycling or using a wheelchair, as well as driving; and Reimagining the places we have already built and protecting our open green spaces for generations to come. For more information on Smart Growth America, visit their website at www.smartgrowthamerica.org.

See agency profiles in this Plan to identify the top service locations, passenger origins & destinations and trip purposes for those currently generated for each Section 5310 and 5311 service provider.

6. IDENTIFICATION OF BARRIERS, OPPORTUNITIES, & STRATEGIES

The following is a list of barriers, opportunities, and strategies discussed in previous Gila-Pinal Rides Committee meetings to date:

- Barriers:
 - Geography (Distance, unpaved roads and difficult weather)
 - Funding (lack of political will; technical needs & connectivity)
 - Education and marketing opportunities for Human Service agencies
 - Lack of mechanics and spare vehicles when breakdowns occur
 - Insufficient driver training opportunities
 - The current inability to coordinate rides with for-profit or for-hire transportation companies

- o Disasters, hi-jacking threats or emergency preparedness
- Safety of operations (roads and driver training)
- Employers/Employment centers unwilling to assist riders and coordination

Opportunities:

- Pinal County Transit Governance Study
- Gila County Transit Governance Study
- Regional Transportation Authority 20-year revenue source
- Youth are more interested public transportation
- Public Private Partnerships (P3s)
- Advertising as a revenue generation
- Driverless/autonomous vehicles
- Working closely with stakeholders and local governments
- Engage local elected officials as champions for building support
- Education and marketing as it pertains to transportation & transit
- Encourage more regionally connected transit systems
- Expand transit services in Payson, Casa Grande, Florence, and Eloy communities
- o Growth in Pinal County
- Promote methods or opportunities in funding bust stops and facilities for transit
- Revisit the 2011 Pinal County Transit Feasibility Study
- Improve technology, connectivity, and communication among providers and riders
- o Lessons learned from Age Friendly Arizona demonstration projects
- Improve driver training (to include emergency management)

Strategies:

 \circ $\;$ Refer to Section 7: Priorities for more information.

Barriers to Public Transportation

In the recent past, one of the greatest barriers to the development and operation of a fixed route system is the distance between the residential, employment and service centers. Through coordination of existing resources and programs, one of the Pinal County Transit Feasibility Study of 2011 goals was to create a transit system that is efficient and provides an attractive alternative means of transportation. It was recommended that this be done through the existing fixed route system, with support from smaller rural transit options such as senior center transportation and local dial-a-ride services.

Information Gap

One of the most common barriers identified for riding public transportation is the lack of highly publicized or marketed information. Often residents do not know the various transit programs within the region that may provide multiple options for their transit needs. This would include system routes, service areas, operating hours and system access. Although respondents suggest no overlap of services, a lack of information and coordination could result in a duplication of services.

Accessibility to Routes

ADA requires complementary Paratransit service for residents within a reasonable travel distance of a fixed bus route. However, origin and destination data for those rides is limited. Clear barriers to these fixed routes include the hot weather, low population densities, and lack of walkable streets in rural communities. In addition, current walking distances to bus stops (origins and/or destinations) may not be achievable by all segments of the population – including the elderly and people with disabilities.

7. PRIORITIES, GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

The Gila-Pinal Rides Committee identified the following Priorities, Goals and Objectives for greater and more effective Coordination among Providers in Gila and Pinal Counties. These Priorities, Goals and Objectives will guide future Plans, Studies, Strategies and Projects.

7.1 **Operational Priorities**

- 1. Encourage regional agencies to improve service to the elderly, persons with disabilities, individuals and families with low income, and the general public where possible and allowed by organizational policies.
- 2. Encourage and Promote "best practices" for public health and safety.
- 3. Support continued funding of existing programs that serve areas that have limited or no public or private transportation alternatives.
- 4. Develop, assist and encourage programs that fill identified gaps in transportation services.
- 5. Encourage programs and projects to "go beyond" minimum Americans with Disabilities (ADA) requirements.
- 6. Encourage and promote programs that improve services by coordinating trips or engage in "vehicle-sharing" with other organizations.

7.2 Capital Priorities

- 1. Prioritize replacement of existing program vehicles that have exceeded the ADOT identified useful life and meet at least two of the operational priorities noted above.
- 2. Replace existing program vehicles that have exceeded the ADOT identified useful life and meet at least one of the operational priorities noted above.
- 3. Prioritize fleet expansions that provide increased access, or coordinate with another 5310 agency, and meet at least two of the operational priorities noted above.
- 4. Support fleet expansions that identify an unmet geographic or ridership need and meet at least two of the operational priorities noted above.

7.3 Goals and Objectives

Goal #1 Encourage and Promote Best Practices for Public Health & Safety

- A. Work with Federal, State and Local Transit Organizations to assemble, develop and maintain public health and safety policies and procedures for transit programs.
- B. Encourage local providers to adopt and implement public health and safety policies and procedures for transit programs.

Goal #2 Develop and Maintain Plans for Mitigating Disasters, Emergencies and Significant Events

- A. Work with Federal, State and Local Transit Organizations to assemble, develop and maintain transit plans, policies and procedures that help mitigate the effects of disasters, emergencies and significant events.
- B. Encourage local providers to adopt and implement transit plans, policies and procedures that help mitigate disasters, emergencies and significant events.

Goal #3 Strengthen Existing Transit Operations and Coordination Efforts

- A. Continue funding of existing programs that lack public or private transportation alternatives.
- B. Encourage projects that go beyond minimum ADA requirements.
- C. Focus funding on programs that improve services by coordinating trips with other organizations.
- D. Encourage agencies to serve the elderly, individuals with disabilities and the general public where allowed by organizational policies.

Goal #4 Expand Transit Services to address Local and Regional Service Gaps

- A. Support studies to determine where transit service can be enhanced by coordination, and support expansion of these services.
- B. Develop and encourage programs that address regional service gaps.
- C. Encourage Providers to develop joint or shared services that will be competitive for Federal operating assistance. Look for methods to maximize coordination such as new technologies for scheduling, performing trips and managing data collection for all providers.

Goal #5 Enhance and Increase Training Opportunities

- A. Continue sharing educational opportunities with regional providers, and advertising available courses sponsored by SEAGO, AZTA, CTAA and others.
- B. Identify key classes and stakeholders for available workshops, set up locations, frequency, and facilitators and/or trainers. Special focus on driver training and development.
- C.

Goal #6 Expand and Promote Public Transit Information

A. Improve and maintain a website that includes information on available providers for local and regional services for both the general public and clients of specific programs.

Goal #7 Improve Fleet Management and Maintenance

- A. Maintain an appropriate fleet size to meet the needs of regional transportation providers.
- B. Support shared use agreements for backup vehicles, use of accessible vehicles, or joint use.
- C. Replace existing program vehicles that have exceeded the ADOT identified useful life and meets at least two operational priorities.
- D. Replace program vehicles that have exceeded the ADOT identified useful life and meets at least one operational priority.
- E. Support fleet expansion that provides increased access or coordination with a 5310 agency and meets two operational priorities.
- F. Support fleet expansion that identifies an unmet geographic or ridership need and meets two operational priorities.

8. PROJECT EVALUATION & SELECTION

Applications will be prioritized in the region based on the evaluation and selection criteria provided in this section. Specific criteria guide the development of the Coordinated Mobility Program and are related to the federal and state goals defined for the Section 5310 program. In order to ensure fair and equitable distribution of FTA funds, the criteria listed are used as the basis for review and selection of applications for program funding.

Please note that the information submitted in the application as well as information documented in this coordination plan, as well as the applicant's previous performance using prior year's grant funds for a project (as appropriate), will all be considered when reviewing and prioritizing a funding request. This approach includes placing additional emphasis on accountability and program management on the part of the applicant in the evaluation process.

The final decision on project selection and funding will be made by ADOT. ADOT retains sole discretion in determining which projects will be funded and the amount of funds awarded to any given project.

Project Threshold Criteria

Applications are first reviewed to ensure that all basic eligibility requirements are met. If an application does not meet basic threshold requirements, it may not be forwarded onto the ADOT Evaluation Review Committee for further evaluation and scoring. The threshold criteria are as follows:

- Application materials were submitted on time.
- Applicant completed all questions and attached required documentation.
- Applicant answered all questions regarding Civil Rights and attached their plan.
- Applicant attended the ADOT Section 5310 program workshop or webinar (Requirement may be waived).
- Applicant certified and verified agency eligibility requirements.
- Project(s) applied for are eligible projects per FTA guidelines.
- Project(s) applied for are consistent with and listed in this Coordination Plan.

Project Evaluation Criteria

The Section 5310 application is ranked according to three main project evaluation criteria categories, with multiple subcategories, to determine an overall score for a project application. This evaluation method combined with the regional prioritization decides the final award ranking. The three main project categories are:

- Project Management;
- Coordination; and
- Project Specific Criteria.

Under Project Specific Criteria, there are three subcategories for each project: Mobility Management, Capital Equipment, and Operating. Each main category holds a percentage weight and combined make up a total application project score (totaling 100%). Subcategories are also considered and make up a category score total.

In addition, some of the selection criteria include standards that must be met for continued funding. If these criteria categories are partially met (e.g. in one part of region but not others) and an applicant is showing reasonable progress, justification can be provided for why funding should be continued. This information will be considered on a case-by-case basis.

The following is a general list of the evaluation categories and subcategories:

Project Management Criteria

- Current program sub-recipients are on track to fulfill their ADOT Contractual Exhibit A scope requirements and submitting timely project progress reports.
- Current program sub-recipients are submitting timely, complete, and accurate project reimbursement requests and expending funds during the contract period.
- New applicants have the staff, resources, and accounting systems necessary to manage federal funds.
- Applicants properly document the availability, source, and commitment of local match.

Coordination Criteria

- Participation in regional coordination activities (e.g. Gila-Pinal Rides Transportation Coordination Committee).
- Integration of coordination into transportation program activities through policies, budget, and staffing authorizations.
- Applicant's level of involvement in coordinating services or resources with other agencies.

Project Specific Criteria

- Foundation for Mobility Management; demonstrated support for mobility management among stakeholders.
- Timely and Accessible Information and Referral.
- Capital Investment Decisions.
- Regional and Sub-Regional Prioritization process in place.

Capital Equipment

ADOT is transitioning to evaluation of vehicles based on regional management of resources with the ability to maintain the necessary fleet in a state of good repair. As mobility management efforts progress, the region's ability to operate services with a minimum fleet size will result in more funds being available for other activities. Funds for expansion vehicles are limited to regions showing expansions are necessary based on an evaluation of regional vehicle resources and that vehicle-sharing agreements are in place to maximize the use of existing vehicles.

Replacement Vehicles or Equipment:

- Age
- Mileage
- Need Based on Maintaining Regional Fleet in a State of Good Repair
- Local Vehicle Availability and Regional Resource Utilization

New/Expansion Service Vehicles or Equipment:

- New/Expansion Service Needs
- Existing Fleet Capacity
- Project Ability to Enhance Regional Coordination Efforts
- Project Useful Life Sustainability

Operations:

- Existing Service:
 - o Documentation of Need and Project Benefits
 - Project Effectiveness and Performance Indicators
 - o Financial Hardship, Project Budget, Project Sustainability
- New/Expansion Service:
 - Documentation of Need and Project Benefits
 - Service Implementation Plan
 - Project Effectiveness and Performance Indicators
 - o Financial Hardship, Project Budget, Project Sustainability

9. PLAN UPDATE INPUT PROCESS

Public participation is welcomed and encouraged by CAG and the SCMPO. There are numerous and varied techniques/activities employed to provide the opportunity for public stakeholder involvement. CAG and the SCMPO obtain input in a variety of ways including, but not limited to public hearings, newspapers, small and large group presentations, committee meetings, website and e-mail correspondence.

Public Notice was published in the following newspapers in Gila and Pinal County for a 30-day review period that began on November 17, 2020. CAG and the SCMPO also posted the Public Notice on their respective websites during the same period of time.

- Apache Junction / Gold Canyon Independent
- Casa Grande Dispatch (Thru Tri-Valley Dispatch)
- Coolidge Examiner (Thru Tri-Valley Dispatch)
- Eloy Enterprise (Thru Tri-Valley Dispatch)
- Florence Reminder
- San Manuel Miner
- Copper Basin News (Kearny Dudleyville, etc.)
- Superior Sun
- Arizona Silverbelt (also Apache Moccasin, Copper Country News)
- Maricopa Monitor
- Payson Roundup

Committees:

The process to review and approve this Plan's FY2021 update included input from the following committees and local stakeholders, beginning in September of 2020 and concluding in March of 2021. *The following meeting dates are set by their respective organizations and subject to change.*

- Gila-Pinal Rides Committee Review September 16, 2020
- Sun Corridor MPO Transportation Advisory Committee Recommend Approval to Advertise for 30-Day Comment Period – October 29, 2020
- Sun Corridor MPO Executive Board Approval to Advertise for 30-Day Comment Period November 10, 2020
- Gila-Pinal Rides Committee Recommend Approval of Plan Update January 20, 2020
- CAG Technical Transportation Advisory Committee Recommend Approval of Plan Update – February 11, 2021
- Sun Corridor MPO Technical Advisory Committee Recommend Approval of Plan Update – February 25, 2021
- Sun Corridor MPO Executive Board Approval of Plan Update March 9, 2021
- **CAG Management Committee** Recommend Approval of Plan Update March 11, 2021
- CAG Regional Council Approval of Plan Update March 25, 2021

Refer to Appendix 1 for a complete schedule of actions related to this Plan.

Gila-Pinal Rides Committee Meeting:

The process used to engage the stakeholders in providing input for the overall Plan included convening the September 16, 2020 meeting where transit providers, local jurisdictions and human service stakeholders discussed the goals and objectives; the barriers and needs for program success; and current challenges facing human service agencies in Gila and Pinal Counties.

Due to the COVID-19 Pandemic and the requirement to social-distance, the meeting was held virtually to allow all who wanted to attend the ability to do so.



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APPENDIX 1 DOCUMENTATION OF PLAN ADOPTION

The following schedule is an update to the Human Services Transportation Coordination Plan. Draft Review times are approximate due to unforeseeable circumstances.

Task	Start	End
GILA-PINAL RIDES COMMITTEE MEETING		
Draft Document Review & Discussion	9/16/20	
SCMPO TECHNICAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE		
Recommendation to Executive Board for 30-day publication notice	10/29/20	
SCMPO EXECUTIVE BOARD		
Requesting approval for 30-day publication notice	11/10/20	
START OF 30-DAY PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD	11/17/20	
Newspaper publication Notice Date for 30-day Public Comment period		
*AJ News	11/04/20	
*Casa Grande Dispatch - (Thru Tri-Valley Dispatch)	11/17/20	
*Coolidge Examiner - (Thru Tri-Valley Dispatch)	11/17/20	
*Eloy Enterprise - (Thru TriValley Dispatch)	11/17/20	
*Florence Reminder	11/12/20	
*San Manuel Miner	11/04/20	
*Copper Basin News - (Kearny, Dudleyville, etc.)	11/04/20	
*Superior Sun	11/04/20	
*Silverbelt - (also Apache Moccasin, Copper Country News)	11/04/20	
*Maricopa Monitor	11/13/20	
*Payson Roundup	11/10/20	
END OF 30-DAY PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD	12/18/20	
Gila-Pinal Rides Committee		
Recommend Approval of Final Plan to Regional Council	01/20/21	
CAG TTAC		
Recommend Approval of Final Plan to Regional Council	02/11/21	
SCMPO TAC		
Recommend Approval of Final Plan to Executive Board	02/25/21	
SCMPO Executive Board		
Requesting Approval of Final Plan	03/09/21	
CAG Management Committee		
Recommend Approval of Final Plan to Regional Council	03/11/21	
CAG REGIONAL COUNCIL		
Requesting approval of Final Plan	03/25/21	
Submit Approved Plan with Documentation to ADOT	03/31/21	

APPENDIX 2 SURVEY QUESTIONNAIRE

In the development of this Plan, the following Survey Questionnaire was distributed to transit providers, human service agencies, public agencies and various stakeholders within the CAG/SCMPO Regions to understand attitudes, perceptions, and needs of the general population.

Survey Questionnaire CAG/SCMPO Human Services Coordinated Transportation Plan 2020-2021

General Information:

Contact Name: Agency, Community, or Company Name: Street Address: Mailing Address (if different): City, State, Zip Code: Telephone #:

1. Approximately, how many of the riders/clients/customers you serve are unable to transport themselves and are dependent upon some sort of public transportation assistance?

What percent of your total ridership do they represent?

____%

2. Approximately, how many of the riders/clients/customers you serve require the use of a mobility device (*wheelchair, scooter, walker, etc.*) and need to be transported with a specially equipped vehicle (*i.e.: a lift-equipped van with wheelchair tie-downs*)?

Are you currently able to meet the needs of these riders/clients/customers?

_____ Yes _____ No

3. How many of your current transportation vehicles need replacement and how soon?

_____ as soon as Possible?

- _____ within the next 12 months?
- _____ within the next 24 months?

4. Are you having any issues with riders/clients/customers getting access to your service sites (*bus stops, etc.*)?

_____Yes _____No

If Yes, what should be done to fix this/these issues?

5. Do you feel that additional transportation services are needed in order for your riders/clients/customers to have full access to the services of your agency and community?

_____Yes _____No

If YES, what should be done to provide these additional services?

6. Does your Agency's current business plan allow trip coordination with vehicle and/or trip sharing?

_____Yes _____No

If not, would your Agency be open to consider vehicle or trip sharing in the future?

_____Yes _____No _____Maybe

7. Other than expanded transportation services, what could be done in your community to improve access & mobility for residents and riders/clients/customers?

8. Please add any other comments you may have in the space below: